9.8 VILLAGE OF FREEVILLE

This section presents the jurisdictional annex for the Village of Freeville. It includes resources and information to assist public and private sectors to reduce losses from future hazard events. This annex is not guidance of what to do when a disaster occurs. Rather, this annex concentrates on actions that can be implemented prior to a disaster to reduce or eliminate damage to property and people. This annex includes a general overview of the Village of Freeville and who in the Village participated in the planning process; an assessment of the Village of Freeville's risk and vulnerability; the different capabilities utilized in the Village; and an action plan that will be implemented to achieve a more resilient community.

9.8.1 Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

The following individuals have been identified as the Village of Freeville's hazard mitigation plan primary and alternate points of contact.

Table 9.8-1. Hazard Mitigation Planning Team

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Name/Title: Jason Cuykendall, Deputy Mayor	Name/Title: David Fogel, Mayor
Address: 5 Factory St., P.O. Box 288, Freeville, NY	Address: 5 Factory St., P.O. Box 288, Freeville, NY
Phone Number: 607-838-3645	Phone Number: 607-844-6110
Email: jason@redbarns.net	Email: dmfl10421@gmail.com
NFIP Floodplain Administrator	
Name/Title: Rick Fritz, Code Enforcement Official	
Address: 5 Factory St., P.O. Box 288, Freeville, NY	
Phone Number: 607-591-9898	
-Email: deputyclerk@freevilleny.org	

9.8.2 Municipal Profile

The Village of Freeville is located about 10 miles from each Ithaca and Cortland. Located within the Town of Dryden, Freeville encompasses one square mile, surrounded by open space to the east, wetlands to the south and west, and farmland to the north. Less than half of the Village is developed. Freeville is the only incorporated municipality in the nation with this name.

Two settlers bought land on either side of Fall Creek in the early 19th century, and the land between them would later become the village of Freeville. Due to the Fall Creek Valley, Freeville became the location for a railroad junction and by the mid-1870s, was home to 200 people, a church, two hotels, and several shops. Freeville was incorporated as a village in 1887 and thrived through the end of the century. A major fire in 1931 destroyed many homes and businesses in Freeville; and a flood in July 1935 ravaged much of the region. With



increased mobility and access to nearby towns, there has been a gradual decline in commercial activity. There is no longer a grocery store, nor gas station in Freeville.

The Village of Freeville is governed by a Mayor and a four-person Board of Trustees. The Mayor and Trustees are elected officials. The Mayor appoints members of the Planning Board, and Zoning Board of Appeals to be approved by the Trustees.

According to the 2014-2018 American Community Survey, the Village of Freeville population is 501.

9.8.3 Growth/Development Trends

Understanding how past, current, and projected development patterns have or are likely to increase or decrease risk in hazard areas is a key component to understanding a jurisdiction's overall risk to its hazards of concern. Table 9.8-2 summarizes recent and expected future development trends, including major residential/commercial development and major infrastructure development. at the end of this annex illustrates the geographically delineated hazard areas and the location of potential new development, where available.

Table 9.8-2. Recent and Expected Future Development

Type of Development	2	014	20	015	20	016	20)17	20)18
Number of Building Permits for New Construction Issued Since the Previous HMP* (within regulatory floodplain/							plain/			
Outside regulatory floodp	lain)									
	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA	Total	Within SFHA
Single Family	-	N/A	-	N/A	1	N/A	00	N/A	0	N/A
Multi-Family	-	N/A	-	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A
Other (commercial, mixed-use, etc.)	-	N/A	-	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A
Total	0		0		1		0		0	
Property or Development Name		ype of opment	_	Units / ctures	(ad/o	ation dress or block d lot)		Hazard e(s)*	Stat	ption / us of opment
Recent Major Developmen	nt and In	frastructu	re from	2014 to I	Present					
N/A										
Known or A	Anticipat	ed Major	Develop	ment and	Infrasti	ructure in	the Next	t Five (5) '	Years	
Unknown										

SFHA Special Flood Hazard Area (1% flood event)



^{*} Only location-specific hazard zones or vulnerabilities identified.

9.8.4 Capability Assessment

The Village of Freeville performed an inventory and analysis of existing capabilities, plans, programs, and policies that enhance its ability to implement mitigation strategies. Section 5 (Capability Assessment) describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. This section summarizes the following findings of the assessment:

- An assessment of planning, legal and regulatory capabilities.
- Development and permitting capabilities.
- An assessment of administrative and technical capabilities.
- An assessment of fiscal capabilities.
- An assessment of education and outreach capabilities.
- Classification under various community mitigation programs.
- The community's adaptive capacity for the impacts of climate change.
- Information on National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) compliance.

•

For a community to succeed in reducing long-term risk, hazard mitigation must be integrated into the day-to-day local government operations. As part of this planning effort, planning/policy documents were reviewed, and each jurisdiction was surveyed to obtain a better understanding of their progress in plan integration. Areas with current mitigation integration are summarized in Capability Assessment (Section 9.8.4). The Village of Freeville identified specific integration activities that will be incorporated into municipal procedures are included in the updated mitigation strategy. **This is shown in bold text in the comments box where appropriate**. Appendix I provides the results of the planning/policy document review and the answers to integration survey questions.

9.8.4.1 Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability

The table below summarizes the regulatory tools that are available to the Village of Freeville and where hazard mitigation has been integrated.

Table 9.8-3. Planning, Legal, and Regulatory Capability

	Does your municipality have this? (Yes/No)	Code Citation and Date (code chapter, name , date , link)	Authority (local, Town , state, federal)	Department / Agency Responsible	State Mandated
Codes, Ordinances, & Re	equirements				
Building Code	Yes	The Uniform Code (19 NYCRR Parts 1219 to 1229)	Local and State	Local Code Department	Yes



	Does your municipality have this? (Yes/No)	Code Citation and Date (code chapter, name , date , link)	Authority (local, Town , state, federal)	Department / Agency Responsible	State Mandated		
Comments: NYS Uniform includes the 2015 editions entitled the 2017 Uniform State Fire Prevention and city, town, and village in twithin its municipal bound	of the code books public Code Supplement (public Building Code Council, of the State (with the excep	ished by the Internationa lication date: July 2017). directs the Code Council :	l Code Council (the "2015 . Article 18 of the Executiv to promulgate and mainto	I-Codes"), as amended re Law (§§ 370 through ain the Uniform Code, o inistering and enforcing	I by the publication 383) establishes the and charges each		
Zoning Code	Yes	Not Available Online	Local	Local Zoning Board of Adjustment	No		
Comment: Article IX, Section 2, of the State Constitution and by the various state enabling statutes. In New York, the zoning enabling acts continue to require that zoning be undertaken "in accord with a well-considered plan"11 or "in accordance with a comprehensive plan."12 Unless the town, city or village has adopted a comprehensive plan document using the more recently-enacted statutes (described later herein), local officials must refer to the extensive body of case law to determine how zoning can meet the more general "comprehensive plan" requirement.**May be impacted by State wetland regulations which protect wetlands greater than 12.4 acres and established buffer zones. Regulated at local level. *During the next update of the municipal zoning code, the Village will review the HMP and determine how they can incorporate the HMP into the zoning code. By doing so, it will help promote development and redevelopment patterns that are at less risk from known hazards.							
Subdivision Regulations	Yes	Article VI of Land Use Plan	Local	Local Planning Board	No		
Comment: Subdivision is specified i a local ordinand development. There is not purposes in connection wis subject to a municipality's & 33, Town Law s. 276 & 2 *When the Village updation by the resultation Particles.	ee, law or regulation, wi a requirement by NYS † th its subdivision review subdivision regulations, 277, Village Law s. 7-72 tes the subdivision reg	th or without streets or hifor subdivisions. Each mu procedure. The enabling may not also be subject & & 7-730). gulations, they will revi	ighways, for the purpose of unicipality is permitted to go statutes provide that a position to review under its site place.	of sale, transfer of owne further define subdivision blat showing a division lan review authority. (g l er different ways to i	ership, or on for its own of land which is eneral city law s. 32 ntegrate the HMP		
into the regulation. By a Stormwater Management Regulations	Yes	Title 6, Ch. X,17- 7,8,70	Local	eus that avolus or mi	Yes		
Regulations Comment: Codes Rules and Regulations of the State of New York, Title 6. Department of Environmental Conservation, Chapter X. Division of Water Resources, Subchapter A. General Article 3. State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, Part 750. State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System(SPDES) Permits. New York Environmental Conservation Law, Article 17, Titles 7, 8 and Article 70. New development and redevelopment projects that result in a land disturbance of one acre or greater, including projects less than one acre if they are part of a larger common plan of development or sale or if controlling such activities in a particular watershed is require a permit by the Department							
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan or Regulation	No	NA	Local		No		
Comment:							
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	Property Condition Disclosure Act, NY Code - Article 14 §460-467	State	NYS Department of State, Real Estate Agent	Yes		
Comment: In addition to certain disclosures under t	he law or pay a credit o	f \$500 to the buyer at clo		quires a seller to comple	ete a standardized		

disclosure statement and deliver it to the buyer before the buyer signs the final purchase contract, in practice, most home sellers in New York



opt not to complete the statement and instead pay the credit.

	Does your municipality have this? (Yes/No)	Code Citation and Date (code chapter, name , date , link)	Authority (local, Town , state, federal)	Department / Agency Responsible	State Mandated	
*The Village will review		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
procedures. This can incl hazards that can impact		osure requirements to h	ave natural hazard rela	ated information and	include all natural	
Growth Management Regulation	No	NA	Local	Local Planning Board	No	
Comment: In New York St (i.e., in a city, village or tow planning functions at the c land use regulation.	n government). Land ι	ıse planning is also primo	arily a municipal function	. While State law provi	des for certain	
Site Plan Review	Yes	General City Law s. 27-a, Town Law s. 247a, Village Law s. 7-725a	Local	Local Planning Board	No	
Comment: The authority to require site plan review is derived from the State enabling Statutes (General City Law s. 27-a, Town Law s. 247a, Village Law s. 7-725a)The local legislative body has the power to delegate site plan review to the planning board, zoning board, etc. *When the Village updates the site plan review requirements, they will review the HMP and identify ways, if any, to integrate the HMP into the requirements.						
Environmental Protection	Yes	Title 6 NYCRR Part 617	State	?	Yes	
Comment: New State Envi	ironmental Quality Revi	-	CRR Part 617 Regulation	s are in effect as of Jan	uary 1st, 2019	
Flood Damage Prevention Law	Yes	Federal :Participation in the NFIP State: Community Risk and Resiliency Act (CRRA)	Local, State, Federal	Code & Zoning Official	Yes - BFE+2 feet for all construction in the SFHA (residential and non-residential)	
Comment: A community r *The Village's law meets					Program.	
their law to include any	revisions.	-	-		-	
Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Regulation	No	EPA Phase II Stormwater Rule	Federal	NA	Yes	
Comment: This requires uppollutants carried by storm improve water quality and	water during storm eve	nts to waterbodies to the	"maximum extent practi	cable". The goal of the	program is to	
Emergency Management	Yes	NYS Executive Law, Article 2B.	Local	Local OEM	Yes	
Comment: The development Law, Article 2B.	ent of the New York St	ate Comprehensive Eme	rgency Management Pla	n (CEMP) is required ur	nder NYS Executive	
Climate Adaptation	No	NYS Executive Law, Article 75	Local	NA	Yes	
Comment: The environme Senate Bill S. 6599, dated J		vas amended by adding A	ARTICLE 75 - CLIMATE CH	HANGE under Assembly	Bill A. 8429 and	
Disaster Recovery Ordinance	No	NA	Local	NA	No	
Comment:						



	Does your municipality have this? (Yes/No)	Code Citation and Date (code chapter, name , date , link)	Authority (local, Town , state, federal)	Department / Agency Responsible	State Mandated	
Disaster Reconstruction Ordinance	No	NA	Local	NA	No	
Comment:						
Other Applicable Codes, Ordinances, & Requirements	None	-	-	-	-	
Comment:						
Planning Documents						
Comprehensive Plan	Yes	General City Law section 28a(3)(a); Town Law section 272-a(2)(a); Village Law section 7- 722(2)(a)	Local	Village Planning Board	No	
2013 - http://www.freevilleny.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2017/01/COMPREHENSIVE-PLAN-13.pdf . *When the Village updates their comprehensive plan, they will review the HMP and identify any opportunities to integrate the HMP into the comprehensive plan. This will help promote consistency between the two plans and encourage multi-objective management and planning in the community.						
	-	General Municipal	l	-	-	
Capital Improvement	Mo	General Municipal Law Section 99-g.	Local	NA	No	
Capital Improvement Plan	No	Law Section 99-g.		NA	-	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governo Disaster Debris Management Plan	No ment can decide to ado	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursuc -	nt to General Municipal L Local	NA aw Section 99-g. NA	No No	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governe Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. Th	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apport eir emergency response of ficiently than those withoo DEC (Department) strong	Local The tree General Municipal Local The tree that local municipals in a more comprehensive ut plans. With that in mirely urges all municipal officials that these plans should	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ties that have an Emer and coordinated mann ad, the Department dev cials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upde	No No gency Debris er and are able to eloped an saster planning and atted annually.	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governor Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste, e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. Th	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apportunity than those without the comment of the comment o	Local The property of the pro	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ities that have an Emer and coordinated mann ad, the Department dev icials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upde	No gency Debris er and are able to reloped an saster planning and ated annually.	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governa Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan Comment: The State Pollu	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. The No	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apportunity than those without the comment of the comment o	Local The property of the pro	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ities that have an Emer and coordinated mann ad, the Department dev icials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upde	No gency Debris er and are able to reloped an saster planning and ated annually.	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governa Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan Comment: The State Pollu	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. The No	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apportunity than those without the comment of the comment o	Local The property of the pro	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ities that have an Emer and coordinated mann ad, the Department dev icials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upde	No gency Debris er and are able to reloped an saster planning and ated annually.	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governor Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan Comment: The State Pollu protection and restoration Stormwater Plan Comment: Local Authority	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste. e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. Th No utant Discharge Elimina activities. No y - Could be an element	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apportunity than those without the DEC (Department) strong to Department recomment - tion System (SPDES) peritation of the Comprehensive F	Local Trent that local municipal Local Trent that local municipals in a more comprehensive out plans. With that in mirely urges all municipal offices that these plans should be	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ities that have an Emerand coordinated manned, the Department devicials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upded to the NA way the DOW implement NA NA NA	No No gency Debris er and are able to eloped an saster planning and ated annually. No ents its watershed	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governa Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan Comment: The State Pollu protection and restoration	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste. e are able to manage th n up faster and more eff Plan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. Th No utant Discharge Elimina activities. No y - Could be an element	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursua r management, it is apporting to the comprehensive Fitting and the comprehensive Fitting and the comprehensive Fitting System (SPDES) period of the Comprehensive Fitting System (SPDES)	Local Trent that local municipal Local Trent that local municipals in a more comprehensive out plans. With that in mirely urges all municipal offices that these plans should be	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ities that have an Emerand coordinated manned, the Department devicials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upded to the NA way the DOW implement NA NA NA	No Sency Debris er and are able to eloped an saster planning and ated annually. No ents its watershed	
Capital Improvement Plan Comment: A local governa Disaster Debris Management Plan Comment: Based on past Management Plan in place address recovery and clear Emergency Management P prepare emergency debris Floodplain or Watershed Plan Comment: The State Pollu protection and restoration Stormwater Plan Comment: Local Authority when addressing stormwate	No ment can decide to ado No experience with disaste. e are able to manage the rup faster and more effelan Tool Kit. The NYSI management plans. The No utant Discharge Elimina activities. No y - Could be an elementer management in regulatory. No ds prepare or oversee the	Law Section 99-g. pt its capital plan pursuo - r management, it is apportunity than those without DEC (Department) strong to Department recomment - tion System (SPDES) period of the Comprehensive Fulated new development NYS Constitution - Article 9; Statute of Local Governments. Section 10 (7) The preparation of local contents of the	Local Trent to General Municipal L Trent that local municipals Trent that local municipals Trent a more comprehensive That the se plans should The se	NA aw Section 99-g. NA ties that have an Emerand coordinated mann and, the Department devicials to conduct pre-did be reviewed and upder NA way the DOW implement NA danning process that matter. NA should include an open	No No gency Debris er and are able to eeloped an saster planning and ated annually. No ents its watershed No ust be followed Yes	



	Does your municipality have this? (Yes/No)	Code Citation and Date (code chapter, name , date , link)	Authority (local, Town , state, federal)	Department / Agency Responsible	State Mandated
Comment:			-		<u>.</u>
Habitat Conservation Plan	No	-	Local	NA	No
Comment: Laws related to clearing of vegetated areas certain State and Federal F	s. Identifying certain cr	itical habitat areas could	be included in the Compi	rehensive Plan. Critica	! Habitat is a part o
Economic Development Plan	No	-	Local	NA	No
Comment: An Economic L					
plan.**May be impacted by	y State wetland regulati	ions which protect wetlar Article 34,	ds greater than 12.4 acre	s and established buffe	r zones.
Shoreline Management Plan	No	Environmental Conservation Law, Coastal Erosion Hazard Areas 6 NYCRR Part 505, Coastal Erosion Management	Local	-	Yes
		Regulations			
Comment: Article 34, Env.		n Law, Coastal Erosion H	lazard Areas		
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan	l Erosion Management . No	n Law, Coastal Erosion H Regulations	Local	-	No
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management	Il Erosion Management No eral Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of	Local bmit a State Forest Action		Service. The Plan
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan	No Reral Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of	Local omit a State Forest Action DEC's Division of Lands a		Service. The Plan odate of the Plan
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan Comment:	No Region Management No	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of	Local Depart a State Forest Action DEC's Division of Lands of Local		Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan	No Reral Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of	Local omit a State Forest Action DEC's Division of Lands a		Service. The Plan odate of the Plan
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan	No Region Management No	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of 020. -	Local Depart a State Forest Action DEC's Division of Lands of Local		Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the fede must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan	No Region Management No No No No No No No No No No	n Law, Coastal Erosion F Regulations - years each state must sul ew York is the director of	Local Depart a State Forest Action DEC's Division of Lands of Local		Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan Comment: Agriculture Plan Comment: Municipalities	No No Regard Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20 No No No No No	n Law, Coastal Erosion For Regulations - years each state must subject of 1020. - NYCRR Part 390 Agricultural and Farmland Protection -	Local DEC's Division of Lands of Local Local Local	and Forests. The next up	Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No No Yes
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the Smust be submitted to the Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan Comment: Agriculture Plan Comment: Municipalities organizations, including lo Other (tourism, business	No No Regard Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20 No No No No No	n Law, Coastal Erosion For Regulations - years each state must subject of 1020. - NYCRR Part 390 Agricultural and Farmland Protection -	Local DEC's Division of Lands of Local Local Local	and Forests. The next up	Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No No Yes
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the F Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan Comment: Agriculture Plan Comment: Municipalities organizations, including to Other (tourism, business dev, etc.)	No Prail Forsion Management No Prail Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20 No No No No may develop agriculturiocal farmers.	n Law, Coastal Erosion For Regulations - years each state must subject York is the director of 020. - NYCRR Part 390 Agricultural and Farmland Protection - al and farmland protection	Local DEC's Division of Lands of Local Local Local	rind Forests. The next up - - ? vith cooperative extensi	Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No No Yes Ton and other
6 NYCRR Part 505, Coasta Community Wildfire Protection Plan Comment: Under the feder must be approved by the S must be submitted to the R Forest Management Plan Comment: Transportation Plan Comment:	No Prail Farm Bill, every 10 y State Forester, who in No Forest Service by June 20 No	n Law, Coastal Erosion For Regulations - years each state must subject York is the director of 020. - NYCRR Part 390 Agricultural and Farmland Protection - al and farmland protection	Local DEC's Division of Lands of Local Local Local	rind Forests. The next up - - ? vith cooperative extensi	Service. The Plan odate of the Plan No No Yes Ton and other



Code Citation and Does your Authority Department / Date municipality have (local, Town, state, **State Mandated** Agency (code chapter, this? (Yes/No) federal) Responsible name, date, link) Plan is in coordination with the Town of Dryden's CEMP. *When the Village updates their CEMP, they will review the HMP and identify any areas that can be integrated. This can include an analysis of the potential hazards to the Village and update goals and objectives to align with the HMP, as necessary. Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Local OEM Yes Nο Local Assessment (THIRA) **Comment:** HIRA is an annual requirement that all states must complete to remain eligible to receive federal homeland security grant funding. It also involves a hazard and capability assessment but DHSES has several methodological concerns with the THIRA process and has developed CEPA to serve as the State's system to capture and analyze hazard/capability information. However, CEPA has been engineered to support the completion of the THIRA. Post-Disaster Recovery No No Local Plan **Comment:** Continuity of Operations Local No Comment: According to the FEMA, "State and local governments should consider developing or updating contingency plans for the continuity of operations (COOP) of vital government functions. Jurisdictions must be prepared to continue their minimum essential functions throughout the spectrum of possible threats from natural disasters through acts of terrorism. COOP planning facilitates the performance of State and local government and services during an emergency that may disrupt normal operations. Public Health Plan Local Comment: Other: Emergency Yes Local No Response Plan Comment: Nothing is mandated by law in NYS, however, article 2B of the Executive Law provides for authority to draft emergency plans by various levels of government in NYS. Plan in coordination with the Town of Dryden's effort. Other: Special Purpose Ordinances (such as critical or sensitive areas) **Comment:**

Table 9.8-4. Development and Permitting Capability

Indicate if your jurisdiction implements the following	Response Yes/No; Provide further detail
Development Permits. If yes, what department?	Clerk's Office
Permits are tracked by hazard area. For example, floodplain development permits.	No
Buildable land inventory	
If yes, please describe	No
If no, please quantitatively describe the level of buildout in the jurisdiction.	

9.8.4.2 Administrative and Technical Capability

The table below summarizes potential staff and personnel resources available to the Village of Freeville.



Table 9.8-5. Administrative and Technical Capabilities

Resources	Available? (Yes or No)	Department/ Agency/Position
Administrative Capability		
Planning Board	Yes	-
Mitigation Planning Committee	No	-
Environmental Board/Commission	No	Planning Board
Open Space Board/Committee	No	Planning Board
Economic Development Commission/Committee	No	-
Warning Systems / Services (reverse 911, outdoor warning signals)	Yes	Swift 911
Maintenance programs to reduce risk	Yes	DPW
Mutual aid agreements	No	Hand shake agreements in place
Technical/Staffing Capability		-
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	No	-
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	No	-
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	No	-
Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	No	-
Professionals trained in conducting damage assessments	No	-
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS and/or Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) applications	No	-
Scientist familiar with natural hazards	No	-
NFIP Floodplain Administrator (FPA)	No	-
Surveyor(s)	No	-
Emergency Manager	No	-
Grant writer(s)	No	-
Resilience Officer	No	-
Other		

9.8.4.3 Fiscal Capability

The table below summarizes financial resources available to the Village of Freeville.

Table 9.8-6. Fiscal Capabilities

	Accesible or Fligible to Llee
Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use
	(Yes/No)
Community development Block Grants (CDBG, CDBG-DR)	No
Capital improvements project funding	No
Authority to levy taxes for specific purposes	Yes
User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Yes – Village sewer fee; all Village on own well
Impact fees for homebuyers or developers of new	No
development/homes	INO
Stormwater utility fee	No
Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Yes
Incur debt through special tax bonds	No



Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to Use (Yes/No)
Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
Other federal or state Funding Programs	No
Open Space Acquisition funding programs	No – however Village has acquired various streamside parcels for creating adequate buffers to Fall Creek
Other	

9.8.4.4 Education and Outreach Capability

The table below summarizes the education and outreach resources available to the Village of Freeville.

Table 9.8-7. Education and Outreach Capabilities

Indicate if your jurisdiction has the following resources	Yes/No; Please describe
Public information officer or communications office?	No
Personnel skilled or trained in website development?	No
Hazard mitigation information available on your website; if yes, describe	No
Social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach; if yes, briefly describe.	No
Citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation; if yes, briefly describe.	Yes, Planning Board addresses some of these issues
Other programs already in place that could be used to communicate hazard-related information; if yes, briefly describe.	No
Warning systems for hazard events; if yes, briefly describe.	No significant coordinated systems
Natural disaster/safety programs in place for schools; if yes, briefly describe.	No
Other	

9.8.4.5 Community Classifications

The table below summarizes classifications for community programs available to the Village of Freeville.

Table 9.8-8. Community Classifications

Program	Participating? (Yes/No)	Classification (if applicable)	Date Classified (if applicable)
Community Rating System (CRS)	No	NA	NA
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No	NA	NA
Public Protection (ISO Fire Protection Classes 1 to 10)	Yes	Freeville Fire Dept	
NYSDEC Climate Smart Community	No		
Storm Ready Certification	No		
Firewise Communities classification	No		



Program	Participating?	Classification	Date Classified
	(Yes/No)	(if applicable)	(if applicable)
Other			

Note:

N/A Not applicable NP Not participating - Unavailable

9.8.4.6 Adaptive Capacity

Adaptive capacity is defined as "the ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or respond to consequences" (IPCC 2014). In other words, it describes a jurisdiction's current ability to adjust to, protect from, or withstand a hazard event. This term is often discussed in reference to climate change; however, adaptive capacity also includes an understanding of local capacity for adapting to current and future risks and changing conditions. The table below summarizes the adaptive capacity for each hazard and the jurisdiction's rating.

Table 9.8-9. Adaptive Capacity

Hazard	Adaptive Capacity (Capabilities) - High/Medium/Low*		
Disease Outbreak	Low		
Drought	Medium		
Extreme Temperature	Medium		
Flood	Medium		
Harmful Algal Bloom	Low		
Invasive Species	Low		
Severe Storm	Medium		
Severe Winter Storm	High		

*High Capacity exists and is in use

Medium Capacity may exist; but is not used or could use some improvement

Low Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement

Unsure Not enough information is known to assign a rating

9.8.4.7 National Flood Insurance Program

This section provides specific information on the management and regulation of the regulatory floodplain.

NFIP Floodplain Administrator (FPA)

Rick Fritz, Village Code Enforcement Officer

Table 9.8-10. Floodplain Administrator Questionnaire

NFIP Topic	Comments	
Flood Vulnerability Summary		
 Describe areas prone to flooding in your jurisdiction. Do you maintain a list of properties that have been damaged by flooding? 	Areas along Fall and Virgil Creek, no list of damaged properties.	



NFIP Topic	Comments
Do you maintain a list of property owners interested in flood mitigation? • How many homeowners and/or business owners are interested in mitigation (elevation or acquisition)?	No
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction? • If so, state what projects are underway.	Yes – active, anticipated for conclusion 2022.
How do you make Substantial Damage determinations? How many were declared for recent flood events in your jurisdiction?	NA
How many properties have been mitigated (elevation or acquisition) in your jurisdiction? • If there are mitigation properties, how were the projects funded?	0
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? • If not, state why.	Yes
Resources	
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	Code Enforcement
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No
Do you have access to resources to determine possible future flooding conditions from climate change?	Yes
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? • If so, what type of assistance/training is needed?	No
Provide an explanation of NFIP administration services you provide (e.g. permit review, GIS, education/outreach, inspections, engineering capability)	Permit reviews, inspections, engineering capability
How do you determine if proposed development on an existing structure would qualify as a substantial improvement?	NA
What are the barriers to running an effective NFIP program in the community, if any?	None
Compliance History	
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed? • If so, state the violations.	No
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit (CAV) or Community Assistance Contact (CAC)?	02/26/2018
Regulatory	



NFIP Topic	Comments
What is the local law number or municipal code of your flood damage prevention ordinance? • What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	Local Law 1
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements? • If exceeds, in what ways?	Meets
Are there other local ordinances, plans or programs (e.g. site plan review) that support floodplain management and meeting the NFIP requirements? For instance, does the planning board or zoning board consider efforts to reduce flood risk when reviewing variances such as height restrictions?	No
Community Rating System (CRS)	
 Does your jurisdiction participate in CRS? If yes, is your jurisdiction interested in improving its CRS Classification? If no, is your jurisdiction interested in joining the CRS program? 	No

9.8.4.8 National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Summary

The following table summarizes the NFIP statistics for the Village of Freeville.

Table 9.8-11. NFIP Summary

Municipality	# Policies	# Claims (Losses)	Total Loss Payments	# RL Properties	# SRL Properties
Village of Freeville	7	4	\$17,760	1	-

Source: FEMA 2020

Notes: Policies, claims, repetitive loss, and severe repetitive loss statistics provided by FEMA Region 2, and current as of uly 7, 2020. The total number of repetitive loss properties does not include severe repetitive loss properties. SRL property information was not included in the available data set.

RL=Repetitive Loss; SRL=Severe Repetitive Loss

9.8.4.9 Additional Areas of Existing Integration

Mitigation plan work in the Village will be integrated with several planned Public Works projects. Aspects of the current Village of Freeville Comprehensive Plan integrates mitigation planning by calling for its zoning to regulate development in floodplain's through its zoning regulation. It further recommends a buffer zone between any commercial or residential development and the banks of Fall Creek or its tributaries, and this concept should be considered during the evaluation of site-plan proposals for such development. As the comprehensive plan is updated, key aspects of this hazard mitigation plan update will be utilized in the development of its policies and actions.



9.8.4.10 Evacuation, Sheltering, Temporary Housing, and Permanent Housing

Evacuation routes, sheltering measures, temporary housing, and permanent housing must all be in place and available for public awareness to protect residents, mitigate risk, and relocate residents, if necessary, to maintain post-disaster social and economic stability.

Evacuation Routes

The State highways that cut through the Village (366 and 38) are relied on for evacuation routes. Evacuation routes are specific to hazard event and routes will vary according to the location of the event. The Village will identify evacuation routes according to procedures outlined in the ESF16 annex of the Tompkins County 2021 CEMP.

Sheltering

Village Fire Department designated as a shelter. In the event that sheltering is needed shelters will be determined at the time of an emergency, in accordance with the County CEMP.

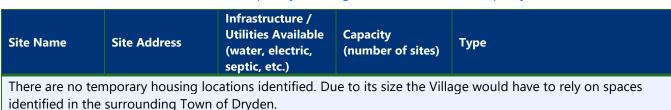
Shelter Name	Address	Capacity	Accommodates Pets?	ADA Compliant?	Backup Power?	Types of Medical Services Provided	Other Services Provided
Village Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 9.8-12. Shelter Locations in the Municipality

Temporary Housing

Based on the size of the Village, there is very limited land available for temporary housing. Therefore, the Village of Freeville has not identified sites for the placement of temporary housing for residents displaced by a disaster or potential sites suitable for relocating structures out of the floodplain and/or building new homes once properties in the floodplain are acquired. In the event temporary housing is needed, the [] will work with the County to find suitable locations using the locations identified in Section 4 (County Profile) Table 4-9 as a starting point.

Table 9.8-13. Temporary Housing Locations in the Municipality





Permanent Housing

Based on the size of the Village, there is very limited land available for permanent housing. While the Village did not identify potential locations for permanent housing, as part of the planning process, a countywide buildable land analysis was conducted and presented in Section 4 (County Profile). The Village can utilize this analysis to identify potential locations.

Table 9.8-14. Permanent Housing Locations in the Municipality

Site Name	Site Address	Infrastructure / Utilities Available (water, electric, septic, etc.)	Capacity (number of sites)	Type	Actions Required to Ensure Conformance with the NYS Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code
-----------	--------------	--	----------------------------------	------	---

There are no locations for permanent housing in the Village. Due to its size and its extent of natural resources just a few vacant parcels in the Village are available for safe, permanent redevelopment. The Village would otherwise have to rely on redevelopment in the surrounding Town of Dryden.

9.8.5 Hazard Event History Specific to the Village of Freeville

Village of Freeville has a history of natural hazard events as detailed in Volume I, Section 5 (Risk Assessment) of this plan. A summary of historical events is provided in each of the hazard profiles and includes a chronology of events that have affected the Village. The Village of Freeville's history of federally-declared (as presented by FEMA) and significant hazard events (as presented in NOAA-NCEI) is consistent with that of Village of Freeville. Table 9.8-15 provides details regarding municipal-specific loss and damages the Village experienced during hazard events. Information provided in the table below is based on reference material or local sources. For details of these and additional events, refer to Volume I, Section 5.0 of this plan.

Table 9.8-15. Hazard Event History

Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Municipal Summary of Damages and Losses
May 13- 22, 2014	Severe Storms and Flooding (DR-4180)	Yes	On May 16, heavy rainfall resulted in flash flooding and washed out roads.	Although the Village was impacted, the Village of Freeville did not report any damages.



Dates of Event	Event Type (Disaster Declaration if applicable)	County Designated?	Summary of Event	Municipal Summary of Damages and Losses
August 3, 2014	Heavy Rain and Flash Flooding		Showers and thunderstorms in the area produced torrential downpours. In the County, several roadways were inundated causing approximately \$100,000 in property damage.	Although the Village was impacted, theVillage of Freeville did not report any damages.
June 14- 15, 2015	Heavy Rain and Flash Flood		A tropical-like airmass was in place allowing for a stripe of 2-4 inches of very heavy rain to fall in a narrow band extending from near Watkins Glen to areas north of Binghamton. Severe flash flooding was encountered with numerous roads and culverts destroyed by raging water. In some areas, homes, schools and other businesses were flooded. In Tompkins County, flooding caused the washout of numerous bridges in the area. The County had approximately \$1.5 million in damages from this event.	Although the Village was impacted, the Village of Freeville did not report any damages.
March 14- 15, 2017	Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm (DR-4322)	Yes	Snowfall ranged between 12 and 24 inches in Tompkins County with the highest amounts in the far southeast part of the county.	Although the Village was impacted, the Village of Freeville did not report any damages.
July 24, 2017	Heavy Rain and Flash Flooding		Widespread thunderstorms produced three to inches of rain. This led to streams and creeks overflowing their banks and flash flooding in many areas. The County had approximately \$75,000 in property damage.	Although the Village was impacted, the Village of Freeville did not report any damages.
October 31- November 1, 2019	Severe Storms, Straight-Line Winds and Flooding (DR-4472)	Yes		Although the Village was impacted, the Village of Freeville did not report any damages.

Notes:

EM Emergency Declaration (FEMA)
FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency
DR Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA)

N/A Not applicable



9.8.6 Hazard Ranking and Jurisdiction-Specific Vulnerabilities

The hazard profiles in Section 5.0 (Risk Assessment) of this plan have detailed information regarding each plan participant's vulnerability to the identified hazards. The following summarizes the Village of Freeville's risk assessment results and data used to determine the hazard ranking.

9.8.6.1Critical Facilities

New York Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) Statute 6 CRR-NY 502.4 sets forth floodplain management criteria for State projects located in flood hazard areas. The law states that no such projects related to critical facilities shall be undertaken in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) unless constructed according to specific mitigation specifications, including being raised 2' above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). This statute is outlined at http://tinyurl.com/6-CRR-NY-502-4. While all vulnerabilities should be assessed and documented, the State places a high priority on exposure to flooding. Critical facilities located in an SFHA, or having ever sustained previous flooding, must be protected to the 0.2-percent or 500-year flood event, or worst damage scenario. For those that do not meet this criteria, the jurisdiction must identify an action to achieve this level of protection (NYS DHSES 2017).

The table below identifies critical facilities in the community located in the 1-percent and 0.2-percent floodplain and presents Hazards United States (HAZUS) – Multi-Hazards (MH) estimates of the damage and loss of use to critical facilities as a result of a 1-percent annual chance flood event.

Table 9.8-16. Potential Flood Losses to Critical Facilities

		Ехро	sure			
			0.2%	Addressed by		
Name	Туре	1% Event	Event	Proposed Action		
There are no critical facil	There are no critical facilities in Freeville located in flood prone areas.					

9.8.6.2 Hazard Ranking

This section provides the community specific identification of the primary hazard concerns based on identified problems, impacts and the results of the risk assessment as presented in Section 5 (Risk Assessment) of the plan. The ranking process involves an assessment of the likelihood of occurrence for each hazard, along with its potential impacts on people, property, and the economy as well as community capability and changing future climate conditions. This input supports the mitigation action development to target those hazards with highest level of concern.

As discussed in Section 5.3 (Hazard Ranking), each participating jurisdiction may have differing degrees of risk exposure and vulnerability compared to Tompkins County as a whole. Therefore, each municipality ranked



the degree of risk to each hazard as it pertains to their community. The table below summarizes the hazard risk/vulnerability rankings of potential natural hazards for the Village of Freeville. The Village of Freeville has reviewed the Village hazard risk/vulnerability risk ranking table as well as its individual results to reflect the relative risk of the hazards of concern to the community.

During the review of the hazard/vulnerability risk ranking, the Village of Freeville indicated the following:

 Floods remain a consistent concern for the Village. With two creeks, a valley location and high water table, flooding can happen frequently. The Village overall concurs with the hazard rankings, but does feel that Harmful Algal Blooms are not applicable to the Village and thus has low concern..

Hazard Ranking Disease Outbreak Low Drought Medium Extreme Temperature Medium Flood High Harmful Algal Bloom Low/NA **Invasive Species** Low Severe Storm Low Severe Winter Storm Medium

Table 9.8-17. Hazard Ranking Input

Note: The scale is based on the following hazard rankings as established in Section 5.3.

9.8.6.3 Identified Issues

The Village of Freeville has identified the following vulnerabilities within their community:

Floods and storms remain the largest vulnerability to the Village.

Specific areas of concern based on resident response to the Village of Freeville Hazard Mitigation Citizen survey include:

- Most respondents were concerned with drought or flooding.
- No respondent has been evacuated as a result of a hazard event.
- Survey respondents felt that the Fall Creek floodplain was a specific vulnerability in the Village.

9.8.7 Mitigation Strategy and Prioritization

This section discusses past mitigations actions and status, describes proposed hazard mitigation initiatives, and their prioritization.



^{*}The Village of Freeville changed the initial ranking of this hazard based on event history, municipal experience, and feedback from the Village of Freeville

9.8.7.1 Past Mitigation Initiative Status

The following table indicates progress on the community's mitigation strategy identified in the 2014 Plan. Actions that are carried forward as part of this plan update are included in the following subsection in its own table with prioritization. Previous actions that are now on-going programs and capabilities are indicated as such in the following table and may also be found under 'Capability Assessment' presented previously in this annex.



Table 9.8-18. Status of Previous Mitigation Actions

Project #	Project Name	Hazard (s) Addressed	Responsible Party	Brief Summary of the Original Problem and the Solution (Project)	Status (In Progress, Ongoing, No Progress, Complete)	Evaluation o		Next Steps 1. Project to be included in 2021 HMP or Discontinue 2. If including action in the 2021 HMP, revise/reword to be more specific (as appropriate). 3. If discontinue, explain why.	
				Encourage		Cost	-		
				Interagency		Level of	_		
		Flash		collaboration in the		Protection			
F1		Flood,	Village of	humane management	No longer issue	Damages		Do not include in update	
		Severe	Freeville	of beaver	J	Avoided;		·	
		Storm		populations, particularly in Fall and		Evidence of	-		
				Virgil Creeks		Success			
						Cost	~\$20,000		
		Flash		Address drainage		Level of	NA		
		Flood,	Village of	issues near private		Protection	IVA	Include but modify as actively monitor and remove	
F2		Severe	Freeville	homes		Damages		debris from systems in and around former railroad	
	Storm	rreeville	along Virgil Creek		Avoided;	Temp	bridges on Fall and Virgil Creeks.		
			along virgil cicek		Evidence of	benefit	<u>.</u>		
						Success			



9.8.7.2 Completed Mitigation Initiatives Not Identified in the Previous Mitigation Strategy

The Village of Freeville has identified the following mitigation projects/activities that have also been completed but were not identified in the previous mitigation strategy in the 2014 Plan:

 The Village of Freeville continually removes debris from under abandoned railroad bridges to help reduce flooding to nearby residential properties.

9.8.7.3 Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives for the Plan Update

The Village of Freeville participated in a mitigation action workshop in October 2020 and was provided the following FEMA publications to use as a resource as part of their comprehensive review of all possible activities and mitigation measures to address their hazards: e.g., FEMA 551 'Selecting Appropriate Mitigation Measures for Floodprone Structures' (March 2007) and FEMA 'Mitigation Ideas – A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards' (January 2013).

Table **9.8-19** summarizes the comprehensive-range of specific mitigation initiatives the Village of Freeville would like to pursue in the future to reduce the effects of hazards. Some of these initiatives may be previous actions carried forward for this plan update. These initiatives are dependent upon available funding (grants and local match availability) and may be modified or omitted at any time based on the occurrence of new hazard events and changes in municipal priorities. Both the four FEMA mitigation action categories and the six CRS mitigation action categories are listed in the table below to further demonstrate the wide-range of activities and mitigation measures selected.

As discussed in Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy), 14 evaluation/prioritization criteria are used to complete the prioritization of mitigation initiatives. For each new mitigation action, a numeric rank is assigned (-1, 0, or 1) for each of the 14 evaluation criteria to assist with prioritizing your actions as 'High', 'Medium', or 'Low.' The table below summarizes the evaluation of each mitigation initiative, listed by Action Number.

Table 9.8-20 provides a summary of the prioritization of all proposed mitigation initiatives for the Plan update.



Table 9.8-19. Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives

Project Number	Project Name	Goals Met	Hazard(s) to be Mitigated	Description of Problem and Solution	Critical Facility (Yes/No)	EHP Issues	Estimated Timeline	Lead Agency	Estimated Costs	Estimated Benefits	Potential Funding Sources	Priority	Mitigation Category	CRS Category
2021- V Freeville - 001	Backup Power for Sewer Facilities	1	Severe Storm	Problem: The sewer plant and several important pump stations do not have any backup power. If power is lost trucks need to come in and manually pump stations. This takes valuable resources away from other services during this time. Solution: New generator hookup for sewer plant and 4 generators at the ready for the four main pump stations.	Yes	No	6 months	Village of Freeville	\$20,000	Consistent sewer service	BRIC?, HMGP	High	SIP	ES
2021- V Freeville - 002	Living Snow Fence on Fall Creek Road	3	Severe Winter Storm	Problem: Because of open fields on both sides of road snow blows and drifts on the roadway which serves as key evacuation route creating a hazard in the winter. Solution: Plant trees to block wind and help with blowing snow will result in a safer roadway.	No	No	3 months	Village of Freeville	\$2,500	?	County Stream Corridor Funds, SWCD	Med	NSP	NR
2021- V Freeville - 003	Material Management Plan for Flood Prevention	1, 4	Flood	Problem: Trees and other items get hung up on RR trestles and cause ice dams and other water backup hazards. This lack of flow causes the creek to flood banks. Solution: The Village will conduct a field survey to document problem areas, source of problems, and solutions to mitigate frequent and damaging water back up and ice dams to identify the needs and key resources to develop a programmatic stream management program maintenance in order to reduce flood risk. This could Likely	No	Yes	1 year	Village of Freeville	\$10,000	?	DEC WQIP	Low	NSP	NR



Table 9.8-19. Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives

Project Number	Project Name	Goals Met	Hazard(s) to be Mitigated	Description of Problem and Solution	Critical Facility (Yes/No)	EHP Issues	Estimated Timeline	Lead Agency	Estimated Costs	Estimated Benefits	Potential Funding Sources	Priority	Mitigation Category	CRS Category
				to include regular need for buying or renting procurement or lease of specialized equipment										
2021- V Freeville - 004	Village Fall Creek Stream Buffer Protection	2,3	Flood	Problem: Development of vacant parcels in and around the floodplain of Fall Creek Solution: Develop a Village policy to acquire vacant parcels in the regulatory floodplain to eliminate further development in floodprone areas and to create opportunities for natural flood attenuation and open space. In addition the Village will explore the adoption of a streamside buffer law for added protection.	No	No	6 months	Village of Freeville	\$1,000	?	NA	Med	LPR	PR

Notes:

Not all acronyms and abbreviations defined below are included in the table.

<u>Acrony</u>	ms and Abbreviations:	<u>Potenti</u>	al FEMA HMA Funding Sources:	<u>Timeline:</u>
CAV CRS DPW	Community Assistance Visit Community Rating System Department of Public Works	FMA HMGP PDM	Flood Mitigation Assistance Grant Program Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program	The time required for completion of the project upon implementation
EHP	Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation	BRIC	Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities	<u>Cost:</u>
FEMA FPA HMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency Floodplain Administrator Hazard Mitigation Assistance		Program	The estimated cost for implementation.
N/A	Not applicable			<u>Benefits:</u>
NFIP OEM	National Flood Insurance Program Office of Emergency Management			A description of the estimated benefits, either quantitative and/or qualitative.



Critical Facility:

Yes
Critical Facility located in 1% floodplain

Mitigation Category:

- Local Plans and Regulations (LPR) These actions include government authorities, policies or codes that influence the way land and buildings are being developed and built.
- Structure and Infrastructure Project (SIP) These actions involve modifying existing structures and infrastructure to protect them from a hazard or remove them from a hazard area.
 This could apply to public or private structures as well as critical facilities and infrastructure. This type of action also involves projects to construct manmade structures to reduce the impact of hazards.
- Natural Systems Protection (NSP) These are actions that minimize damage and losses, and also preserve or restore the functions of natural systems.
- Education and Awareness Programs (EAP) These are actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them.

 These actions may also include participation in national programs, such as StormReady and Firewise Communities

CRS Category:

- Preventative Measures (PR) Government, administrative or regulatory actions, or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.
- Property Protection (PP) These actions include public activities to reduce hazard losses or actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.
- Public Information (PI) Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and educational programs for school-age children and adults.
- Natural Resource Protection (NR) Actions that minimize hazard loss and also preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.
- Structural Flood Control Projects (SP) Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.
- Emergency Services (ES) Actions that protect people and property during and immediately following a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities



Table 9.8-20. Summary of Prioritization of Actions

Project Number	Project Name	Life Safety	Property Protection	Cost- Effectiveness	Technical	Political	Legal	Fiscal	Environmental	Social	Administrative	Multi-Hazard	Timeline	Agency Champion	Other Community	Total	High / Medium / Low
2021- V Freeville – 001	Backup Power for Sewer Facilities	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	High
2021- V Freeville – 002	Living Snow Fence on Fall Creek Road	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	8	Medium
2021- V Freeville – 003	Material Management Plan for Flood Prevention	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	High
2021- V Freeville - 004	Village Fall Creek Stream Buffer Protection	1	0	1	0	-1	-1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	Low

Note: Refer to Section 6, which conveys guidance on prioritizing mitigation actions. Low (0-4), Medium (5-8), High (9-14).



9.8.8 Proposed Mitigation Action Types

The table below indicates the range of proposed mitigation action categories.

Table 9.8-21. Analysis of Mitigation Actions by Hazard and Category

		FE	MA			CRS							
Hazard	LPR	SIP	NSP	EAP	PR	PP	PI	NR	SP	ES			
Flood	004		003; 004		004			003; 004					
Severe Storm		001	002					002	001				

Note: Section 6 (Mitigation Strategy) provides for an explanation of the mitigation categories.

9.8.9 Staff and Local Stakeholder Involvement in Annex Development

The Village of Freeville followed the planning process described in Section 3 (Planning Process) in Volume I of this plan update. This annex was developed over the course of several months with input from many Village departments, including: Code Enforcement, Clerks Office and Village Trustees. Jason Cuykendall, Village Trustee, represented the community on the Village of Freeville Hazard Mitigation Plan Planning Partnership, and supported the local planning process requirements by securing input from persons with specific knowledge to enhance the plan. All departments were asked to contribute to the annex development through reviewing and contributing to the capability assessment, reporting on the status of previously identified actions, and participating in action identification and prioritization.

Additional documentation on the Village of Freeville's planning process through Planning Partnership meetings is included in Section 3 (Planning Process) and Appendix C (Meetings).

9.8.10 Hazard Area Extent and Location

A hazard area extent and location map has been generated for the Village of Freeville that illustrates the probable areas impacted within the Village of Freeville. This map is based on the best available data at the time of the preparation of this plan, and is considered to be adequate for planning purposes. The map has only been generated for those hazards that can be clearly identified using mapping techniques and technologies, and for which the Village of Freeville has significant exposure. The map is provided below.



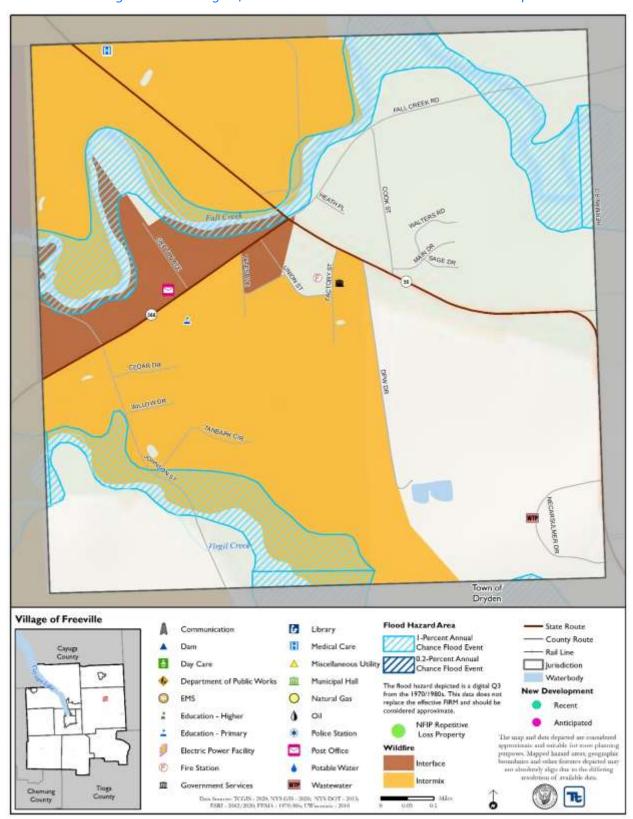


Figure 9.8-1. Village of Freeville Hazard Area Extent and Location Map



Action Worksheet										
Project Name:	Backup Power for Sewer Fac	cilities								
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 001									
	Risk / Vu	Risk / Vulnerability								
Hazard(s) of Concern:	Severe Storm									
Description of the Problem:	If power is lost trucks need valuable resources away fro	e sewer plant and several important pump stations do not have any backup power. power is lost trucks need to come in and manually pump stations. This takes luable resources away from other services during this time.								
	_	Action or Project Intended for Implementation								
Description of the Solution:	New generator hookup for main pump stations.	New generator hookup for sewer plant and 4 generators at the ready for the four nain pump stations.								
Is this project re	elated to a Critical Facility?		Yes	\boxtimes	No					
Is the critical facility loca	ated in the 1% annual chand area?	e flood	Yes		No	\boxtimes				
(If yes, this project must i	ntend to protect the 500-year flood event or the actual worse case damage scenarion whichever is greater)									
Level of Protection:	NA									
Useful Life:	Unknown	1								
Estimated Cost:	20,000	Mitigatio	n Actio	n Typ	e:	SIP				
	Plan for Imp									
Prioritization:	High	Desired T Implemen			r	2021				
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	1 Year	Potential Sources:	Fundin	ng		BRIC; HMGP				
Responsible Organization:	Village of Freeville DPW	Local Plan Mechanis in Implen any:	ms to I		ed	Hazard Mitigation Plan				
	Three Alternatives Consid		ding N	o Act	ion)					
	Action	Esti	mated (Cost		Evaluation				
	No Action		\$0			Interrupted sewer service				
Alternatives:	Portable Generator		\$5,000			Available to power aspects of plant for short time				
	Permanent Generator		\$60,000			Much more consistent back up option				
	Progress Report (fo	r plan mair	ntenan	ce)						
Date of Status Report:										
Report of Progress:										
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:										



	Actio	on Worksheet						
Project Name:	Backup Power for Sewe	Backup Power for Sewer Facilities						
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 001							
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate						
Life Safety	0	This project protects life						
Property Protection	1	This project protects property						
Cost-Effectiveness	1	This project is most cost effective						
Technical	1	There are no technical difficulties identified						
Political	1	There are no political complications						
Legal	1	There are no legal complications						
Fiscal	0	Costs have not fully been determined at this time						
Environmental	1	This project has a positive environmental impact						
Social	1	This project has a positive social impact						
Administrative	1	This project has administrative support						
Multi-Hazard	1	This addresses multiple hazards						
Timeline	1	The timeline is feasible						
Agency Champion	1	Yes						
Other Community Objectives	1	Yes						
Total	12							
Priority (High/Med/Low)	High							



Action Worksheet										
Project Name:	Living Snow Fence: Trees on	Fall Creek	Road							
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 002									
	Risk / Vulnerability									
Hazard(s) of Concern:	Severe Winter Storm									
Description of the Problem:		cause of open fields on both sides of road snow blows and drifts on the roadway eating a hazard in the winter.								
	Action or Project Intend	Action or Project Intended for Implementation								
Description of the Solution:	Plant trees to block wind an	lant trees to block wind and help with blowing snow.								
Is this project re	elated to a Critical Facility?		Yes 🗌	No						
Is the critical facility loca	ated in the 1% annual chanc area?	e flood	Yes 🗌	No	\boxtimes					
(If yes, this project must in	ntend to protect the 500-year flood event or the actual worse case damage sce whichever is greater)									
Level of Protection:	Unknown	Estimated	l Benefits		Avoid hazardous					
Level of Protection:		(losses av	oided):		evacuation route					
Useful Life:	50 Years	Goals Me	t:		1, 3					
Estimated Cost:	25 trees at \$100 each		n Action Type	e:	NSP					
	Plan for Imp	lementatio	on							
Prioritization:	High	Desired T Implemer	imeframe for ntation:	•	2021					
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	3 months planning and planting	Potential Sources:	Funding		County stream corridor program; State Tree for Tribs funds					
Responsible Organization:	Village of Freeville DPW		nning ms to be Use nentation if	d						
	Three Alternatives Conside	ered (includ	ding No Actio	on)						
	Action	Estir	mated Cost		Evaluation					
Alternatives:	No Action		\$0		Current problem continues					
	Install snow fencing		\$500		Non-permanent; eyesore					
	Tree planting		\$2500		Low tech; multi-benefit					
	Progress Report (fo	r plan mair	ntenance)							
Date of Status Report:										
Report of Progress:										
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:										



	Acti	on Worksheet							
Project Name:	Living Snow Fence: Tre	Living Snow Fence: Trees on Fall Creek Road							
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 002								
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate							
Life Safety	1	This project protects life							
Property Protection	1	This project protects property							
Cost-Effectiveness	1	This project is most cost effective							
Technical	0	Additional technical assistance is needed							
Political	1	There are no political complications							
Legal	0	Legality has not been identified							
Fiscal	0	Costs have not fully been determined at this time							
Environmental	1	This project has a positive environmental impact							
Social	1	This project has a positive social impact							
Administrative	0	Administrative support has not been identified							
Multi-Hazard	0	This does not address multiple hazards							
Timeline	1	The timeline is feasible							
Agency Champion	0	Agency champion has not been identified							
Other Community Objectives	1	Yes							
Total	8								
Priority (High/Med/Low)	Medium								



Action Worksheet										
Project Name:	Material Management Plan	for Flood Pr	evention							
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 003									
	Risk / Vul	Risk / Vulnerability								
Hazard(s) of Concern:										
Description of the Problem:		rees and other items get hung up on RR trestles and cause ice dams and other ater backup hazards. This lack of flow causes the creek to flood banks.								
	Action or Project Intended for Implementation									
Description of the Solution:	of problems, and solutions to dams to identify the needs a management program mair	olution: The Village will conduct a field survey to document problem areas, source f problems, and solutions to mitigate frequent and damaging water back up and ice ams to identify the needs and key resources to develop a programmatic stream nanagement program maintenance in order to reduce flood risk. This could Likely to include regular need for buying or renting procurement or lease of specialized quipment								
Is this project re	elated to a Critical Facility?		Yes	No						
Is the critical facility local	ated in the 1% annual chanc area?	e flood	Yes	No	\boxtimes					
(If yes, this project must i	tend to protect the 500-year flood event or the actual worse case damage scenario, whichever is greater)									
Level of Protection:	Unknown Estimated Benefits Reduced flood risk (losses avoided):									
Useful Life:	Unknown	Goals Met	t:		1,3					
Estimated Cost:	60,000	Mitigation	n Action Ty	pe:	NSP					
	Plan for Imp	lementatio	n							
Prioritization:	High	Desired Ti	imeframe fontation:	or						
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:		Potential Funding Sources:								
Responsible Organization:	Village of Freeville DPW	Local Planning Mechanisms to be Used in Implementation if any:								
	Three Alternatives Consider			ion)						
	Action	Estin	nated Cost		Evaluation					
	No Action		\$0		Current problem continues					
Alternatives:	Rent Backhoe	\$500 per	day		Backhoe is not always available to rent when needed and it takes time and resources to get					
Alternatives.	Develop plan for acquiring and share key materials need for periodic stream infrastructure maintenance including backhoe.	5	\$60,000		Develop long term maintenance plan and acquire key equipment.					



Date of Status Report:	
Report of Progress:	
Update Evaluation of the	
Problem and/or	
Solution:	



Action Worksheet		
Project Name:	Material Management Plan for Flood Prevention	
Project Number:	2021- V Freeville – 003	
Criteria	Numeric Rank (-1, 0, 1)	Provide brief rationale for numeric rank when appropriate
Life Safety	1	
Property Protection	1	
Cost-Effectiveness	1	If it never prevents a flood then no, but if it save a property worth every cent
Technical	1	
Political	1	
Legal	1	
Fiscal	0	
Environmental	1	
Social	1	
Administrative	1	
Multi-Hazard	1	Could be used for storm tree removal
Timeline	1	
Agency Champion	1	
Other Community Objectives	1	
Total	13	
Priority (High/Med/Low)	High	

