

PFAS and Biochar:

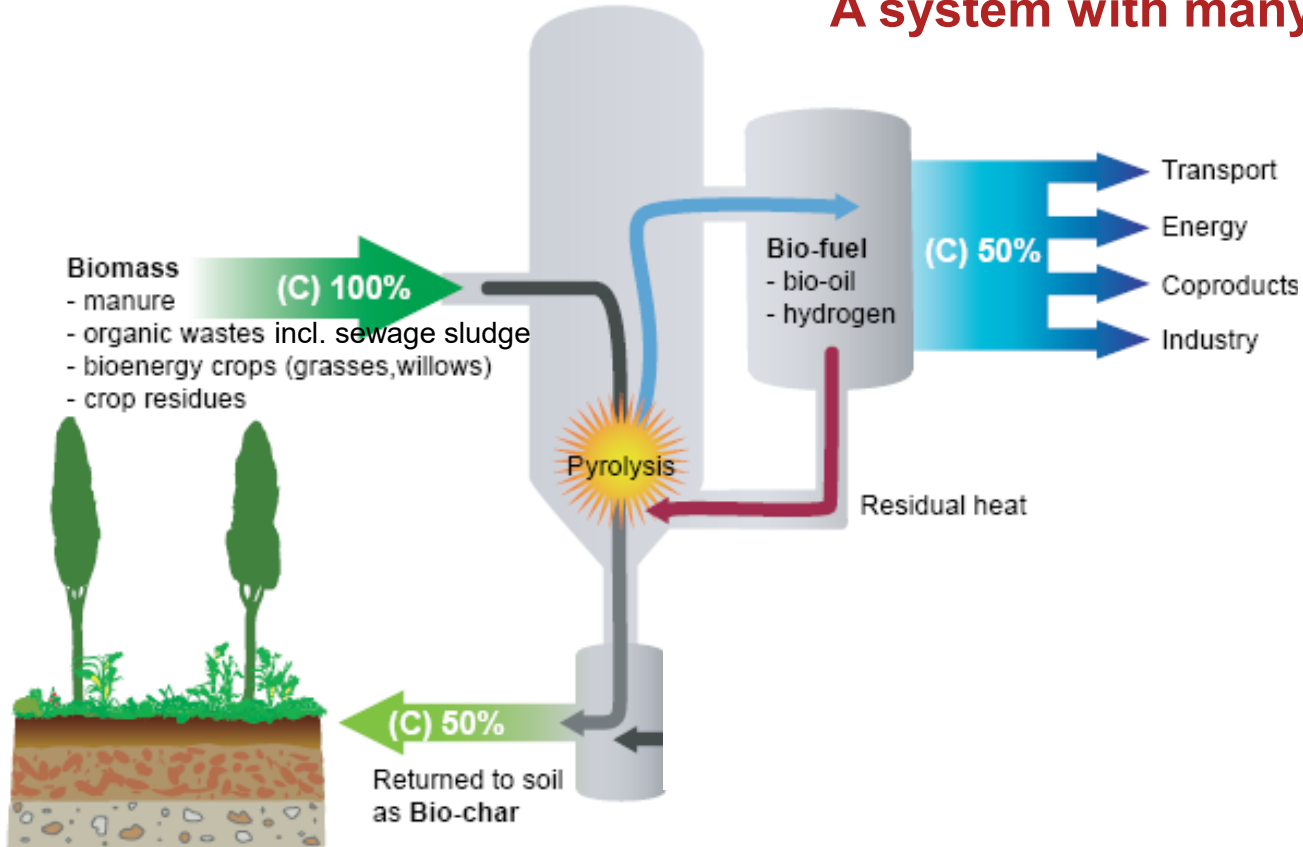
Some fundamental aspects of biochar

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Pyrolysis-Biochar System

A system with many moving parts





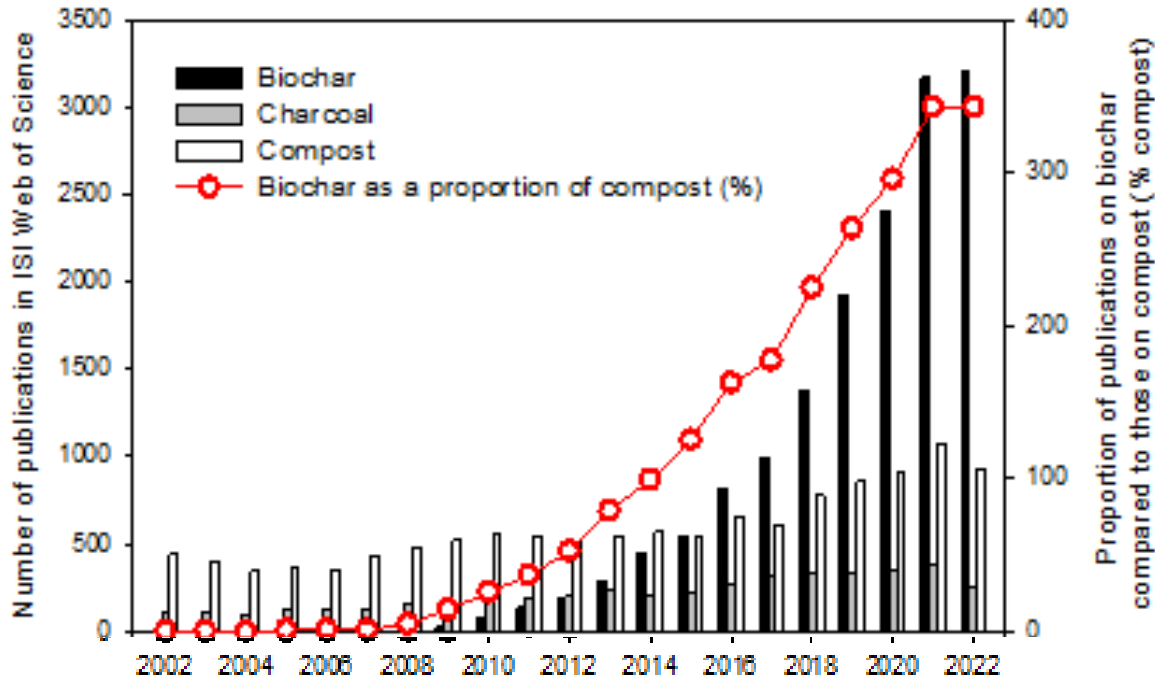


Pyrolysis & Wastewater Treatment
An Ithaca Summit
The Soil Factory
October 15 2023



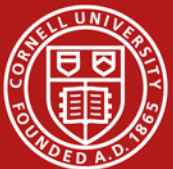
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Development of Biochar Science



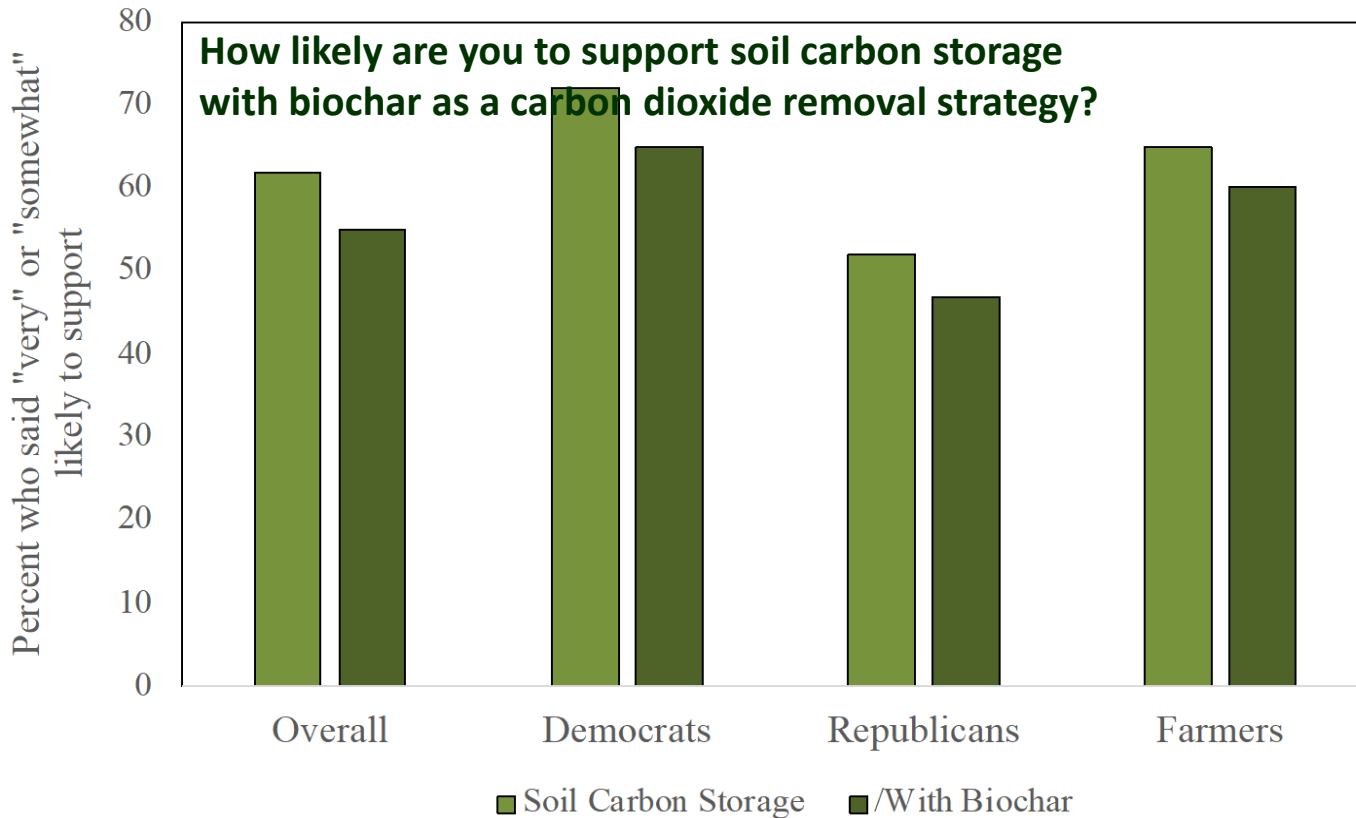
Since 2015, more publications on biochar than on compost

Expectation: science on PFAS&biochar will grow quickly



Climate Change Mitigation as a Policy Driver?

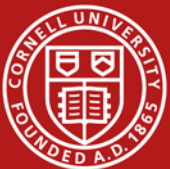
Public support for biochar across political lines



**62% for soil carbon
55% for biochar**

**How to navigate
public acceptance?**

1222 U.S. adults, AmeriSpeak® Panel, 97% of the US American population, of 92% that believed climate change is "definitely" or "somewhat" happening



PFAS and Pyrolysis

Treatment of PFAS in solids: destruction through heating (above 600C)

(solids: separated solids from screw press of wet sludge)

Treatment of PFAS in liquids: adsorption and subsequent pyrolysis

(liquids: separated liquids from screw press of wet sludge; leachate from landfill; etc)



Pyrolysis – A Few Facts relevant to PFAS

Destruction:

Pyrolysis is exothermic – no energy required

If feedstock is very wet, additional energy needed

Residence time rather unexplored

Heat needed for PFAS destruction fairly well known

Weight+volume reduction of separated solids by >90%

Adsorption:

Less well known

First publications show good retention of PFAS

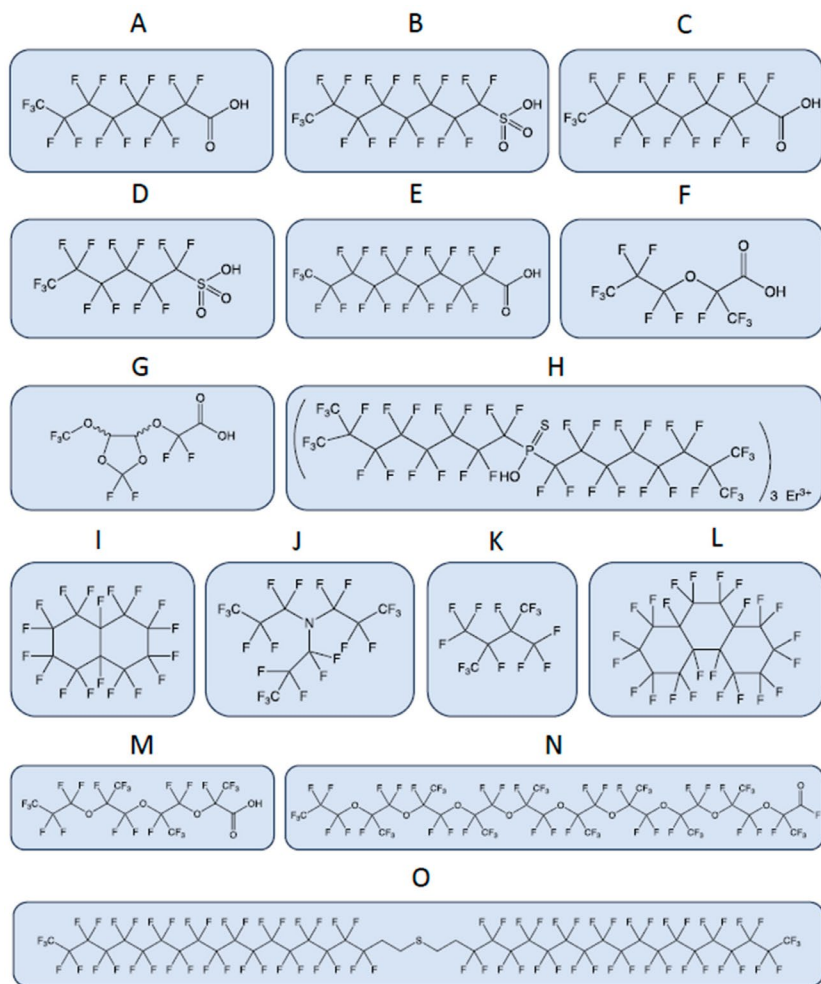
Valid for October 16, 2023 – see earlier remark on development of biochar science



Pyrolysis – State of Engineering

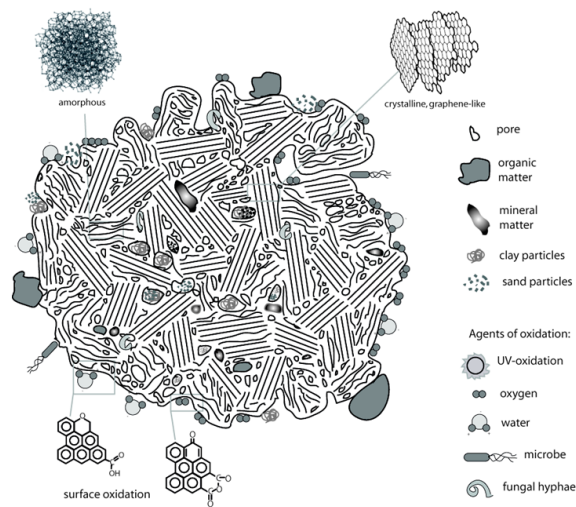


The PFAS World... is vast

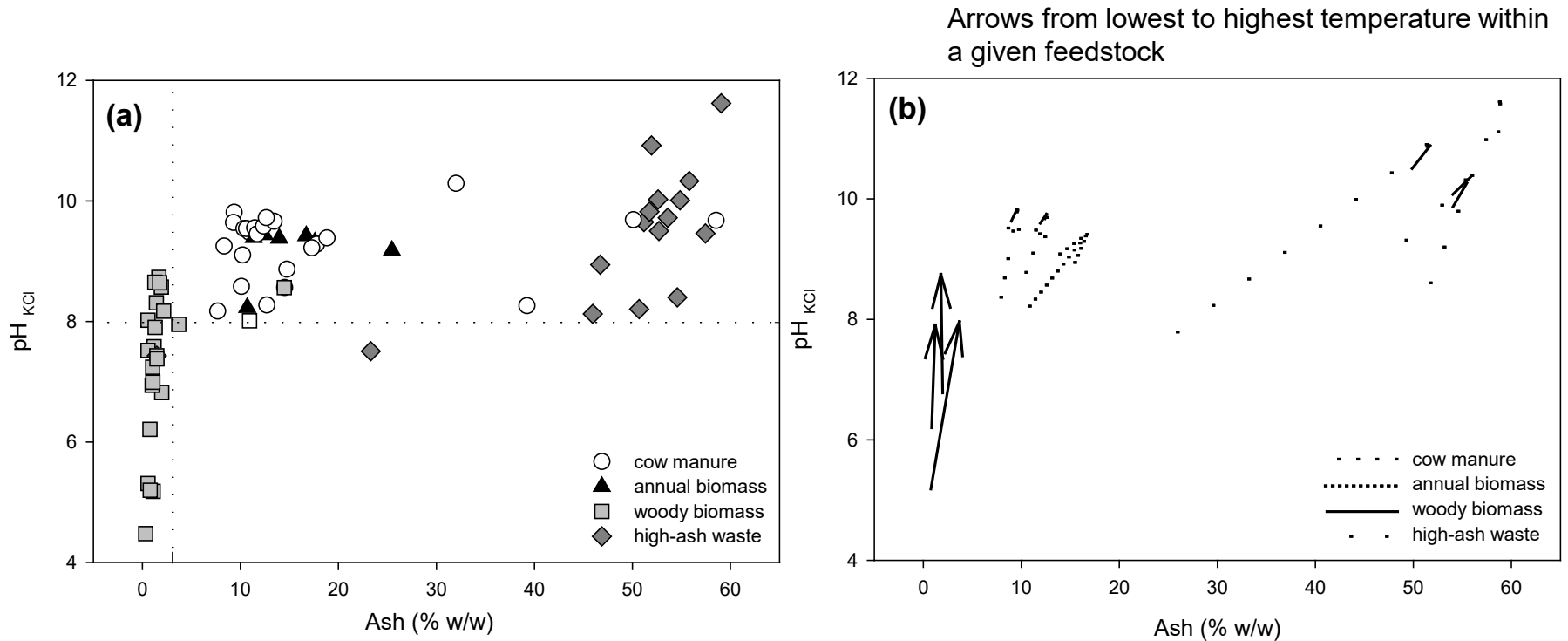


Retention therefore has to cater for many different forms and properties

Diversity of surfaces and functional groups...



PFAS Adsorption – Biochar Properties



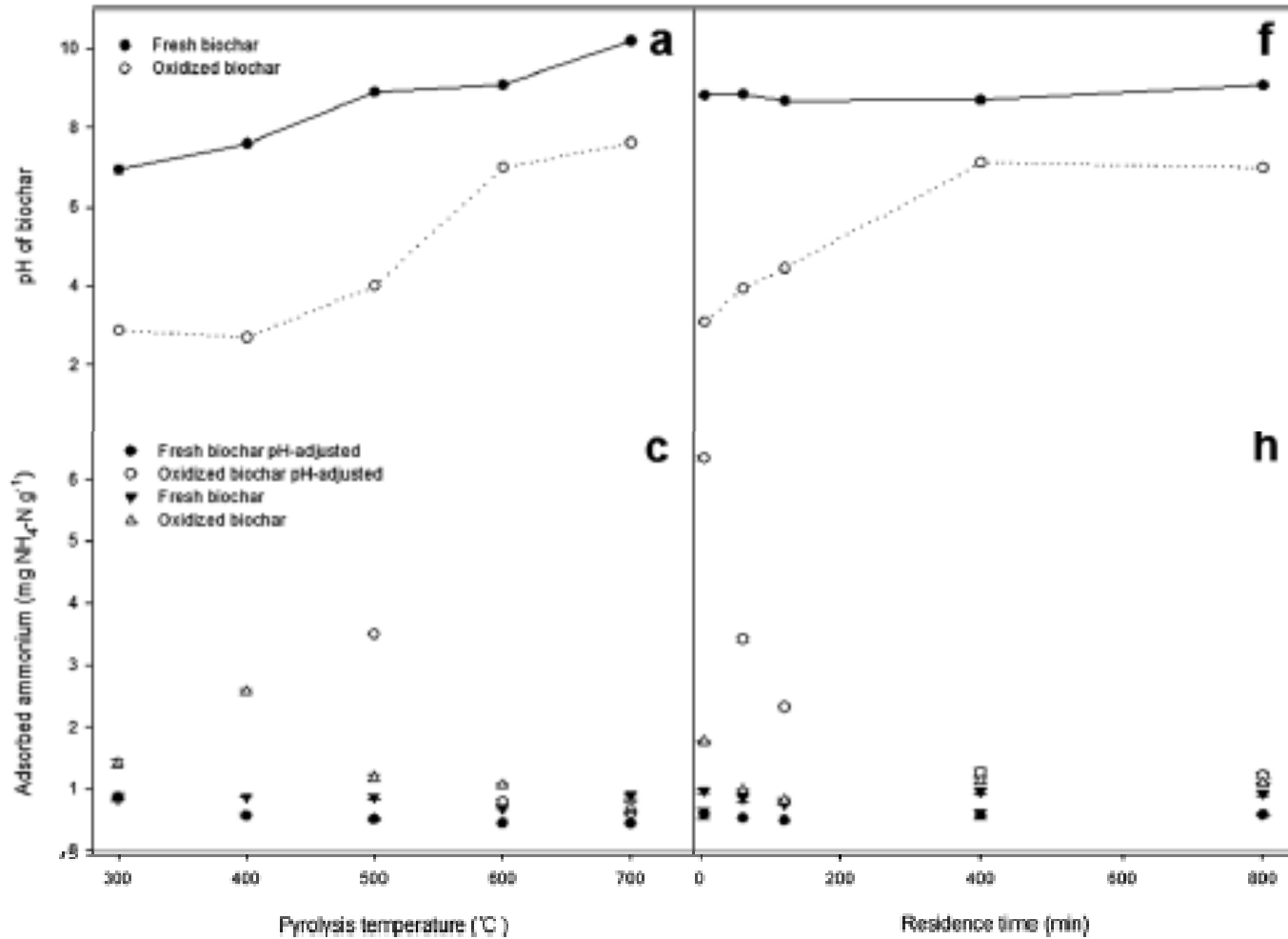
Slow pyrolysis



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Enders et al., 2012, Bioresource Technology 114, 644-653

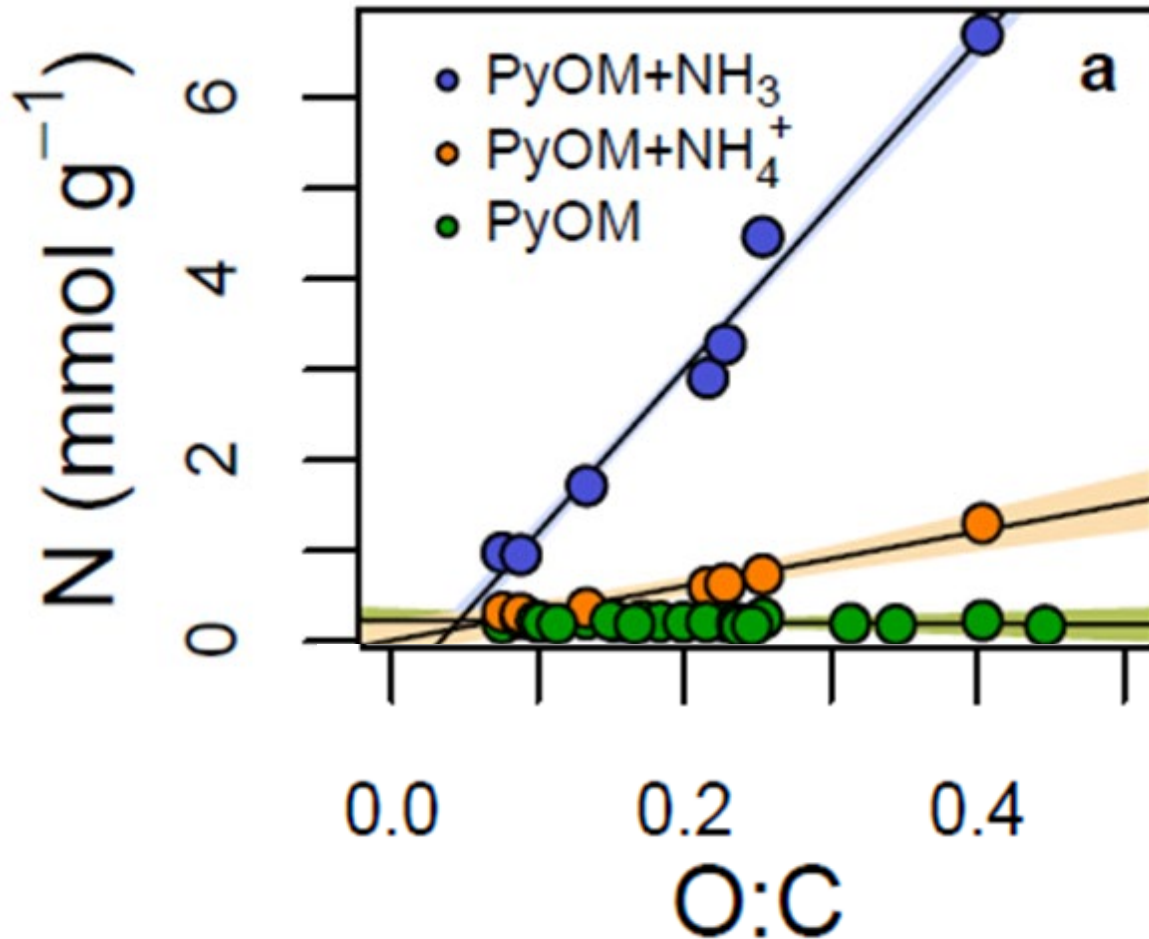
PFAS Adsorption – Pyrolysis temp+time



Intermediate temperature and low residence times promote oxidation (and therefore optimization of interaction with charged solutes)

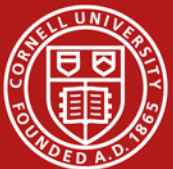


Biochar Oxidation

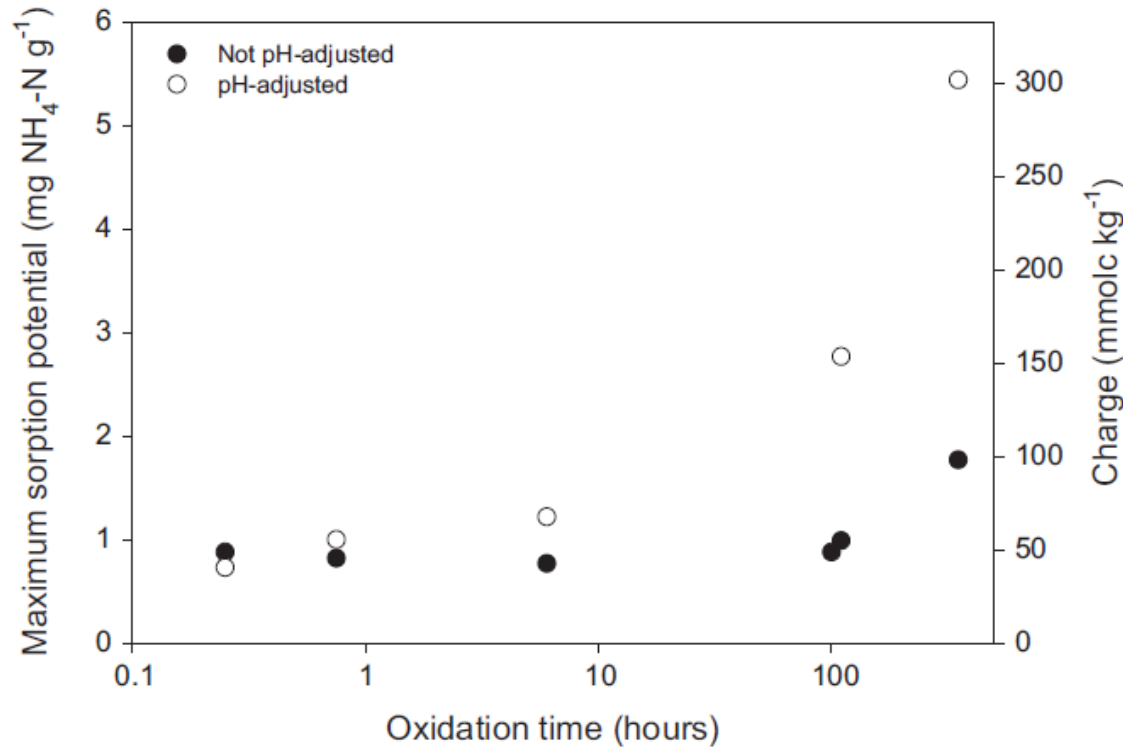


**Chemisorption
of NH₃**

**Electrostatic
adsorption of
NH₄⁺**



Biochar Oxidation - Time



Electrostatic adsorption increases with oxidation time



Biochar vs Activated Carbon

Activated Carbon: Higher surface area
Usually does not justify 10-100x price

Table 1. Elemental Composition, Elemental Ratio, pH, CEC and Measured and Predicted Micropore Surface Area of the Unaged As Well As BIO (Biologically Aged), CHEM 60 (Chemical Aging at 60 °C), CHEM 110 (Chemical Aging at 110 °C) and PHYS (Physical Aging) Aged AC, Biochar, AC + Soil and Biochar + Soil

material	aging regime	C % ^a	O % ^a	H %	N % ^{a,b}	O/C ^c	C/N ^c	pH	CEC mmol _c kg ⁻¹	micropore surface area ^d m ² g ⁻¹	
										measured	predicted ^e
AC	UNAGED	81.2 ± 1.0	8.4 ± 1.8	0.03	0.2 ± 0.03	0.15	117.7	9.6	8	838	
	BIO	75.3 ± 3.8	8.0 ± 0.1	0.14	0.5 ± 0.04	0.17	86.2	6.9	nd ^h	792	
	CHEM 60	78.2 ± 3.5	9.5 ± 1.6	0.13	0.2 ± 0.04	0.17	118.3	7.9	18	838	
	CHEM 110	77.4 ± 2.5	12.2 ± 1.8	0.30	0.2 ± 0.02	0.18	120.3	6.6	54	795	
	PHYS	79.3 ± 4.0	9.3 ± 1.3	0.14	0.2 ± 0.03	0.16	112.8	8.3	100	859	
biochar	UNAGED	41.6 ± 7.5	8.1 ± 3.5	1.5	0.4 ± 0.03	1.43	94.8	9.9	278	178	
	BIO	41.5 ± 4.5	9.1 ± 0.6	1.9	0.9 ± 0.8	0.91	51.6	7.6	272	167	
	CHEM 60	28.0 ± 16.5 ^f	7.3 ± 0.4	1.3	0.3 ± 0.2	1.83	92.6	9.2	299	190	
	CHEM 110	40.6 ± 4.5	8.3 ± 1.4	1.3	0.4 ± 0.03	1.53	96.4	7.0	518	179	
	PHYS	46.0 ± 7.7	7.7 ± 2.1	1.5	0.5 ± 0.1	1.22	96.1	9.9	311	181	



Following Ithaca Summit – Next Steps:

White Paper on “What is Pyrolysis”

Fact sheet on “PFAS and Pyrolysis: what do we know and what do we want to know”

Live and regularly updated bibliography on PFAS & biochar on cornell.edu

Next meeting in early December at The Soil Factory

