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Ciaschi • Dietershagen • Little • Mickelson & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Frederick J. Ciaschi, C.P.A.

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS

Ithaca, NY

FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2007

CORTLAND ITHACA WATKINS GLEN

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Legislature County of Tompkins Ithaca. New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tompkins, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Tompkins' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tompkins, as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 18, 2008 on our consideration of the County of Tompkins' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

CORTLAND ITHACA WATKINS GLEN

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General, County Road, Transportation, Solid Waste, and Special Grant Funds are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Tompkins' basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 45 through 46a is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Tompkins. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Tompkins. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lindin, Dieterdagen, Little, Milden Mongany cor

August 18, 2008 Ithaca, New York

Our discussion and analysis of the County of Tompkins' financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. Please read this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which begin on page 3.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$152,232,419 (net assets). Of this amount, \$38,000,160 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's overall net assets increased by \$1,650,468, or 1.1%, while unrestricted net assets decreased by \$(364,723), or 1%.
- During the year, the County had revenues of \$156,177,463, as compared to \$143,615,538 in 2006. Expenses of \$154,526,995 increased by \$20,813,997, from \$133,712,998 in the prior year. The growth in revenue and expenses are primarily due to the change in the accounting for sales tax revenues distributed to other governments, which has no effect on ending net assets.
- The County invested over \$20 million in capital assets during the year. Most of this was invested in Public Safety and Transportation infrastructure.
- The General Fund recorded an increase of \$1,087,343 in 2007 and ended the year with a fund balance of \$18,255,813. Of this fund balance, \$2,159,032 was reserved for future expenditures, \$3,911,540 was designated to support the 2008 budget, and \$12,185,241 was unreserved and undesignated.
- The County's long-term obligations at year end totaled \$66,142,332, a decrease of \$(5,658,717) from 2006 resulting from the redemption of Bond Anticipation Notes from federal and state grant reimbursements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 3 through 5a) provide information about the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 6. For Governmental Activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in greater detail than the Government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government. Following these statements are notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the annual report contains other information in the form of combining statements for those funds that are not considered Major Funds and, therefore, are not presented individually in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the County as a Whole

Analysis of the County as a whole begins on page 3, with the Government-wide statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether the County, as a whole, is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net assets and changes in them. The County's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

One needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's roads, to assess the overall health of the County.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the County reports:

Governmental Activities: Most of the County's services are reported in this category, including Public Safety, Public Health, Economic Assistance, Transportation, and General Administration. Property and sales taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Component Units: The County includes four separate legal entities in its report - the Tompkins County Public Library, the Tompkins County Industrial Development Agency, the Tompkins County Soil and Water Conservation District, and the Tompkins Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (TTASC). The TTASC is reported as a blended component unit with the County's Governmental Activities. The other three component units are reported discretely. Although legally separate, these component units are important because the County is financially accountable for them. Complete financial statements for the Tompkins County Public Library, the Tompkins County Industrial Development Agency, the Tompkins County Soil and Water Conservation District, and TTASC can be obtained from their administrative offices. See Note 1-A-2 to the basic financial statements.

Joint Ventures: The County reports its interest in the equity of two joint ventures - Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit (TCAT), which was formed under a consolidation agreement between the City of Ithaca, Tompkins County and Cornell University, to provide public transportation in Tompkins County and surrounding areas, and the Tompkins Cortland Community College, a joint venture between Tompkins and Cortland Counties. Complete financial statements for these entities can be obtained from their administrative offices.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Analysis of the County's Major Funds begins on page 6. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants. The County's two kinds of funds - Governmental and Proprietary - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds: All of the County's services are reported in the Governmental Funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. The relationship (or differences) between Governmental *Activities* (reported in the Government-wide statements) and Governmental *Funds* is explained in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds: When the County charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the County - these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Internal Service Funds (a component of Proprietary Funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities such as the administration of workers' compensation obligations and self insurance program for general liability.

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

The County as Trustee: The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 13. We exclude these activities from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County's net assets for fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 increased \$1,650,468, from \$150,581,951 to \$152,232,419. In contrast, last year net assets increased by \$9,902,540.

The largest portion of the County's net assets of \$101,720,384 (66.8%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery & equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the County's net assets of \$12,511,875 (8.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are reported as restricted net assets. These net assets consist of unspent funds that are restricted for community development and debt service.

The remaining category of total net assets, unrestricted net assets of \$38,000,160 (25.0%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations and services to creditors and citizens. Of these net assets, the County has appropriated \$3,911,540 for 2008 expenses and designated another \$29,450,593 for specific purposes.

Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Figure 1), and changes in net assets (Figure 2), of the County's Governmental Activities.

Figure 1 - Net Assets

	Governme	ntal Activities	Percent Change
	2006	2007	2006 - 2007
Current assets-County	\$ 47,927,718	\$ 45,816,977	-4.4%
Assets - TTASC	1,744,416	1,780,467	2.1%
Capital assets, net	141,715,999	155,101,586	9.4%
Other noncurrent assets - County	45,958,960	31,516,657	-31.4%
Total Assets	237,347,093	234,215,687	-1.3%
Current liabilities - County	28,425,688	22,544,448	-20.7%
Current liabilities - TTASC	176,048	206,048	17.0%
Noncurrent liabilities - County	47,365,712	48,357,899	2.1%
Noncurrent liabilities - TTASC	10,797,694	10,874,873	0.7%
Total Liabilities	86,765,142	81,983,268	-5.5%
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	100,774,954	101,720,384	0.9%
Restricted	11,442,114	12,511,875	9.3%
Unrestricted	38,364,883	38,000,160	-0.9%
Total Net Assets	\$ 150,581,951	\$ 152,232,419	1.1%

The County's total revenues increased by 8.7%, while the total cost of all programs and services increased by 15.6%. While there were no substantive program realignments implemented during the year, the County changed its accounting for sales tax revenue during the year to include amounts paid to other municipalities in revenue and expense. Our analysis in Figure 2 separately considers the operations of Governmental Activities.

Figure 2 - Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Percent Change
	2006	2007	2006 - 2007
REVENUES			
<u>Program Revenues:</u>			
Charges for services	\$ 20,746,527	\$ 20,852,511	0.5%
Operating grants	36,335,050	40,171,966	10.6%
Capital grants	11,117,308	7,339,902	-34.0%
General Revenues:			
Property taxes and tax items	31,396,281	34,026,891	8.4%
Sales and other taxes	32,300,442	44,977,217	39.2%
Tobacco settlement - County	657,610	678,964	3.2%
Tobacco settlement - TTASC	657,610	688,854	4.7%
Unrestricted grants	743,236	812,076	9.3%
Use of money and property	4,270,538	3,855,121	-9.7%
Change in equity interest in joint ventures	4,941,002	2,057,594	-58.4%
Other	449,934	716,367	59.2%
Total Revenues	143,615,538	156,177,463	8.7%
PROGRAM EXPENSES			
General Government	14,108,490	26,099,133	85.0%
Education	10,529,422	12,774,504	21.3%
Public Safety	15,323,101	14,341,968	-6.4%
Public Health	16,956,003	17,462,455	3.0%
Transportation	17,642,285	22,553,064	27.8%
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	44,327,580	46,810,130	5.6%
Culture and Recreation	4,622,548	4,995,321	8.1%
Home and Community Services	7,127,179	6,218,604	-12.7%
Interest on long-term debt	3,076,390	3,271,816	6.3%
Total Expenses	133,712,998	154,526,995	15.6%
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	\$ 9,902,540	\$ 1,650,468	-83.3%

In 2007, net assets increased by \$1.6 million as a result of a variety of positive factors.

Contributing factors on the income side were increases in Sales Taxes, Property Taxes and Operating grants. There were substantial offsetting decreases of \$6.7 million in revenues due to the cyclical nature of capital project financing and the financial position of Joint Venture entities.

Figures 3 and 4 show in percentages the sources of revenues for 2007 and 2006.

Figure 3 - Revenue by Source Governmental Activities 2007

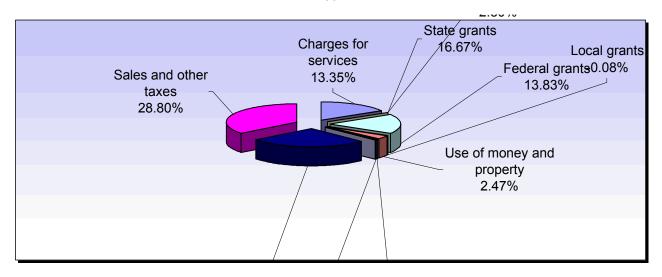
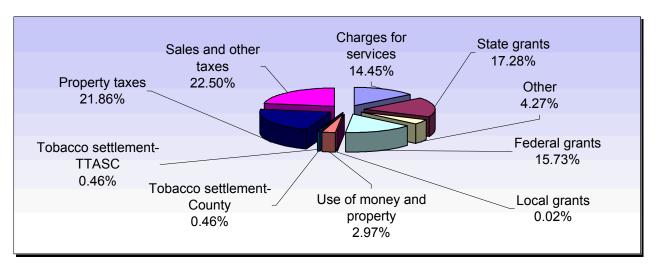


Figure 4 - Revenue by Source Governmental Activities 2006



The cost of all Governmental Activities this year was \$154,526,995. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County property and other tax revenues was \$86,162,616, because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. Overall, the County's governmental program revenues were \$68,364,379. The County paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of Governmental Activities with \$87,813,084 in taxes and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

A comparison of program expenses, outlined in Figure 2, highlights the following: General Government program activities reflect an increase of \$12.0 million or 85.0% as a result of the change in accounting for sales tax distributions. Education expenses increased by \$2.2 million or 21.3% due to investments at the community college and increased growth in cost for pre-school children services. Public Safety reflected a decrease of approximately \$1.0 million, or 6.4% because the Sheriff Department was operating under an expired labor agreement which understates labor cost, and there was a decline in the number of jail inmates housed in out of county facilities as compared to 2006. Public Health reflected an increase of \$.5 million or 3.0% primarily as a result of increased salaries and benefits and program cost.

Program expenses for Transportation were up by \$4.9 million or 27.8% due to increased funding for highway and transit activities, and contractual salary adjustments. Economic Assistance and opportunity expenses reflected an increase of 5.6% or \$2.5 million, largely as a result of increases in cost of mandated social service programs. Culture and Recreation activities reflected an increase of \$.4 million or 8.1%, primarily as a result of increased support for library services and contractual salary adjustments. Home and Community activities were down by \$.9 million or 12.7%, largely the result of a decrease in grants for farmland protection. Interest on Long-term Debt was up by \$.2 million or 6.3%, as a result of the phasing in of financing for capital projects.

The total cost versus revenue generated by activities for the County's largest programs is presented below. The difference between the cost and revenue shows the relative financial burden placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Figure 5 - Net Program Cost Governmental Activities 2007

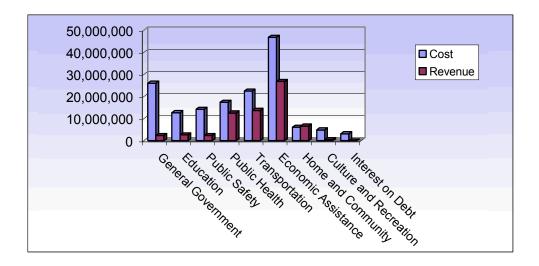
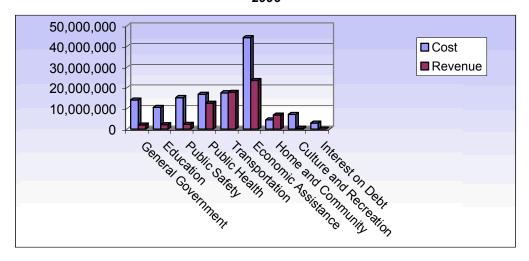


Figure 6 - Net Program Cost Governmental Activities 2006



THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its Governmental Funds, as presented in the balance sheets on pages 6 - 6a, reported a combined fund balance of \$32,618,520, which is lower than last year's total, largely due to the use of proceeds of debt for capital projects during the year. Of this amount, \$4,916,690 is reserved for future expenditures and \$3,911,540 is designated for 2008 expenditures, leaving \$27,701,830 in unreserved and undesignated fund balances. However, of these fund balances, \$4,991,096 is to be used for capital projects. Figure 7 shows the changes in fund balance for the County's Governmental Funds.

Figure 7 - Governmental Funds
Fund Balance at Years Ended

	2006	2007	Dollar Change
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 17,168,470	\$ 18,255,813	\$ 1,087,343
County Road Fund	1,807,773	2,052,701	244,928
Transportation (Airport) Fund	482,779	308,723	(174,056)
Solid Waste Fund	1,507,734	1,705,719	197,985
Special Grant Fund	1,162,621	1,113,199	(49,422)
Debt Service Fund	1,510,373	1,881,737	371,364
Public Safety Capital Project Fund	15,104,340	2,982,583	(12,121,757)
<u>Non-Major Funds</u> :			
Road Machinery Fund	602,641	678,106	75,465
TCAT Capital Project Fund	798,897	206,493	(592,404)
General Government Capital Project Fund	2,113,226	2,257,257	144,031
Transportation Capital Project Fund	3,427,137	(725,301)	(4,152,438)
Home and Community Service Capital Project Fund	1,103,509	1,092,946	(10,563)
Public Health Capital Project Fund	191,255	201,217	9,962
Education Capital Project Fund	4,110,961	(1,024,099)	(5,135,060)
TTASC Debt Service Fund	1,588,293	1,631,426	43,133
Totals	\$ 52,680,009	\$ 32,618,520	\$ (20,061,489)

This year's total change in fund balance of \$20,061,489 reflects a decline of 38.1%, compared to \$9,883,917 increase in 2006. Of the major operating funds, the General Fund increased by \$1.09 million, or 6.3%. The decline in total fund balance is not indicative of fiscal instability, but the result of drawing down of capital funds as projects are completed. Of the major operating funds, the General Fund's fund balance increase was largely the result of a moderation of the growth in expenses in social service programs. The Solid Waste Fund increased by \$197,985 or 13.1% primarily as the result of strong markets for recycled materials. The Road Fund increased by \$244,928 or 13.5% as a result of increased operating resources. The Debt Service Fund increased by \$371,364 or 24.6% because delays in completion of certain capital projects resulted in additional income. The Airport Fund posted a decline of \$174,056 or 36.1%. The Airport Fund decline is the result of an increase in payments to other funds to repay capital project advances. The fund balances in listed capital projects vary and are sensitive to timing of grant reimbursements, financing, and status of project completion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County Legislature revised the County budget several times. These budget amendments consist of budget transfers between functions, which do not increase the overall budget. In addition to these transfers, the County Legislature increased the overall budget to provide for unspent appropriations from the previous year (encumbrances) and various grants where the majority of the funding came from federal and state sources. At the close of the year it was necessary to transfer from the Contingent Fund approximately \$1.1 million in order to offset over-runs in mandated programs. The increase in nonproperty tax items and General Government Support is to add the amount of sales tax collected on behalf of other municipalities.

Figure 8 - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund December 31, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual w/ Encumbrances	Variance Fav(Unfav.)
REVENUES				
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 34,122,186	\$ 34,147,186	\$ 33,933,377	\$ (213,809)
Nonproperty tax items	32,540,290	43,689,414	44,977,217	1,287,803
Departmental income	11,401,529	11,462,236	11,023,795	(438,441)
Fines and forfeitures	410,300	410,300	184,489	(225,811)
Use of money and property	1,258,000	1,258,000	1,497,001	239,001
Miscellaneous local sources	1,810,909	1,882,930	1,332,107	(550,823)
Sale of property and compensation for				
loss	711,000	779,939	763,131	(16,808)
State sources	21,670,875	24,057,248	22,758,868	(1,298,380)
Federal sources	12,589,484	14,168,504	15,740,339	1,571,835
Other	501,092	527,723	1,472,758	945,035
Total Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources	\$117,015,665	\$ 132,383,480	\$ 133,683,082	\$ 1,299,602
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 4,929,822	\$ 6,836,863	\$ -0-	\$

Figure 8 - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued)
December 31, 2007

	Γ	Original		Final		Actual w/		Variance		
		Budget		Budget		Budget	E	Encumbrances		Fav (Unfav.)
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	\$	14,085,879	\$	26,531,603	\$	25,967,046	\$	564,557		
Education		8,588,061		8,251,617		7,594,614		657,003		
Public Safety		13,603,256		14,739,115		14,086,320		652,795		
Public Health		18,146,180		18,526,420		17,404,391		1,122,029		
Transportation		4,473,536		5,540,877		5,540,877		-0-		
Economic Assistance and Opportunity		45,471,444		47,877,347		45,657,259		2,220,088		
Culture and Recreation		4,663,045		4,705,400		4,672,100		33,300		
Home and Community		1,410,837		1,530,594		1,430,102		100,492		
Employee Benefits		313,355		218,592		102,557		116,035		
Debt service		-0-		94,763		94,762		1		
Other Financing Uses		11,189,894		11,204,015		11,204,015		-0-		
Total Expenditures and Other										
Financing Uses	\$	121,945,487	\$	139,220,343	\$	133,754,043	\$	5,466,300		
Excess of (Expenditures) and Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	(70,961)	\$	6,765,902		

Even with these adjustments, the actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were below the final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance occurred within Economic Assistance and Opportunity, as the Social Services budget reflected unexpended balances of \$1,126,000 in administration, \$287,000 in purchase of services, and \$200,000 in Day Care. Public Health expenditure balances were primarily in mental health program authorizations, which were not released due to funding limitations. In General Government, unexpended balances primarily reflect decisions by departmental managers to defer activities. Public Safety balances were reflective of \$250,000 of unexpended funds in Law enforcement, and \$100,000 in Emergency Response.

Revenues appropriated to support operations were \$1,299,602 below actual budget receipts; however at year end adjustments to revenue budgets were authorized in order to offset expenditures in certain mandated programs. A total of \$3,716,453 of such adjustments was made to offset expenditures. The 2007 revenue adjustments were from many sources, with a substantial portion attributable to unique one-time circumstances in the Department of Social Services.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of December 31, 2007, the County had \$155,101,586, net of accumulated depreciation of \$90,607,954, invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, machinery and equipment, roads and bridges. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$13,385,587 over last year.

Figure 9 - Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

	Governmen	Percent Change	
	2006	2007	2006 - 2007
Land	\$ 7,040,814	\$ 7,120,899	1.1%
Construction in progress			
	4,669,394	17,152,057	267.3%
Buildings and improvements	50,316,555	47,829,269	-4.9%
Equipment	6,941,094	7,460,880	7.5%
Infrastructure	72,748,142	75,538,481	3.8%
Totals	\$ 141,715,999	\$ 155,101,586	9.4%

This year's additions consisted of:

Land and construction in progress Buildings and building improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	13,074,215 232,987 1,245,304 6,212,876
Total Additions Less Net Book Value of Disposals Less depreciation expense	_	20,765,382 (789,912) (6,589,883)
Change in Capital Assets. Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	13.385.587

Debt Administration

Total long-term liabilities decreased in 2007 by \$5,658,718, as shown in Figure 10. This was largely the result the payment of BANs, \$5,600,000 of which was converted to serial bonds, as well as the scheduled payment of principal on bonds and installment purchase debt. Of the total indebtedness of the County, \$41,750,000 was subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented 11.7% of the County's statutory debt limit. Tobacco settlement pass-through bonds are debt of the Tompkins Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (TTASC), under which 50% of the County's future tobacco settlement proceeds were securitized. The County is not responsible for this debt in the event that the TTASC were to default in repayment of the bonds.

Figure 10 - Outstanding Debt at Years Ended

	Governmen	Dollar Change			
	2006	2007		2006 - 2007	
Serial bonds	\$ 37,021,170	\$ 39,309,659	\$	2,288,489	
Bond Anticipation Note payable	9,020,000	1,815,000		(7,205,000)	
Compensated absences	3,129,335	3,055,158		74,177	
Installment purchase debt	10,956,490	10,246,595		(709,895)	
Workers' compensation claims	700,312	634,999		(65,313)	
Tobacco settlement pass-through bonds	10,973,742	11,080,921		107,179	
Totals	\$ 71,801,049	\$ 66,142,332	\$	(5,658,717)	

The County continues to maintain a Moody's bond rating of Aa2. The rating was reaffirmed in March 2007 in conjunction with a bond issue in the amount of \$5,600,000. The County anticipates increase in bonded indebtedness in the coming years as projects in the capital improvement program are authorized. More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 2-B-2 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Tompkins County will continue to be challenged by structural imbalance between program cost and revenue growth. The County Legislature is sensitive to the property tax burden and has instituted policies that promote stability and predictability. The budget adopted for 2008 maintains service levels and partially absorbs \$18 million of new debt into the cost of operations. The 2008 tax levy reflects an increase of \$.98 million or 2.8% over the 2007 levy of \$34.8 million. Property valuations remain stable, and increased from \$5,145,602,707 to \$5,212,900,190 or 1.3%. The growth in valuations partially absorbed increases in the tax levy as tax rates increased from \$6.76 to \$6.86 or 1.5%.

The 2008 budget reflects continued use of General Fund Balance \$3.9 million as compared to \$4.1 million in 2007 to support operations. Sales tax receipts are estimated to increase by 3.25%, which is consistent with patterns over the past five years.

The employment base of the County remains anchored by higher education, and employment levels are projected to remain stable. The unemployment rate in the County is consistently the lowest in the region. The County has been the beneficiary of new business resulting from academic research. This pattern of business creation is expected to continue.

There are substantial challenges that could impact future operations. For example, the County is dependent to a significant extent on state and federal funding of many mandated and essential services. Recent trends suggest that state and federal retrenchment and reduction in financial assistance is likely. While recent changes to the Medicaid program have stabilized expenses, there has been worrisome growth in mandated services for pre-school children. For example at year end 2007, a supplemental appropriation of \$700,000 was required to offset unexpected expenses in the pre-school program. The 2008 budget also included an additional \$500,000 in the Contingent Fund as a hedge against continued growth in these services.

Another pressure on operations is the housing capacity of the county jail. The County has not been able to accommodate all inmates in County custody at the jail because of housing limits imposed by NYS Department of Corrections. The consequence of inadequate space has been the boarding of County inmates in other counties at an average cost of \$85 a day. During 2007, boarding of inmates outside the County cost \$302,000. The 2008 budget includes funding of \$425,000 for this purpose.

Another challenging issue confronting the County will be managing the absorption of significant new debt into the budget. During 2007 the financing was completed for a \$16 Million replacement of the Public Safety communications system with the full impact on debt service factored into the 2008 budget. In early 2008, \$11.1 million of new financing was added for a building acquisition, community college expansion, and road improvements. The fiscal impact of these financings will be deferred until the 2009 budget.

The County's capital program also identifies facilities for the Health Department, Office for the Aging, and Jail, which will require significant investment within the five-year plan. It has also been recognized that the road and bridge network will require consistent investment.

Another reoccurring challenge has been assisting the Tompkins Consolidated Transit (TCAT), the joint venture that provides transportation services within the County. The County is the recipient of federal and state aid for the system however; the flow of grant funds does not match cash outlay of the system. The County has provided assistance by advancing state operating grants to the system to cover ongoing expenses. In 2008, the County issued a \$2.5 million Revenue Anticipation Note to advance operating assistance grants. The rapid acceleration in cost of fuel will also pose significant challenge to the system and it's local sponsors.

Finally, the County will subject to the GASB 45 requirement of valuation of Post Employment Benefits. During 2008, an actuary will be engaged to assist in this project. The County recognizes that post employment benefits will become a significant cost in future years if current practices remain in effect.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need any additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, Tompkins County, 125 East Court Street, Ithaca, New York 14850.

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Primary			
	Government	-	Component Unit	
		Tompkins	Industrial	Soil and Water
	Governmental	County	Development	Conservation
	Activities	Public Library	Agency	District
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	¢ 21 607 050 ¢	706 225	ድ 701 212 ድ	580,884
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,607,858 \$	786,335	\$ <u>781,312</u> \$	300,004
Restricted cash	2,047,785			
Restricted cash - TTASC	294,934			
Taxes receivable, net	4,298,928	420.204	100.550	20.004
Accounts receivable, net	6,156,521	138,321	120,558	30,894
Accounts receivable - TTASC, net	674,832			
Loans receivable - Current portion	400,000			
Due from state and federal governments	9,983,086			31,552
Due from other governments	90,316			
Securities and mortgages	320,000			
Prepaid expenses	912,483	694		
Total Current Assets	46,786,743	925,350	901,870	643,330
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,775,544			
Restricted investments - TTASC	657,820			
Investments	037,020	985,559		
Accounts receivable in more than one year		172,673		
Loans receivable - Long-term portion	3,777,545	172,073		
Securities and mortgages	2,418,562			
Unamortized bond issue costs - TTASC	152,881			
Equity interest in joint ventures	20,545,006			
Capital assets - Land and construction in progress	24,272,956			
Capital assets - Depreciable,	400 000 000	4 000 000		40.570
net of accumulated depreciation	130,828,630	1,036,626		49,579
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,194,858	-0-	49,579
Total Assets	########	3,120,208	901,870	692,909
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	6,723,898	64,223		
Accrued liabilities	1,743,735	70,682		1,893
Interest payable	775,198			.,,,,,,,
Due to other governments	3,086,748		1,000	
Due to employees' retirement system	3,000,110		.,000	13,106
Compensated absences				19,704
Retained percentages	14,633			10,701
Deferred revenue	3,401,598			750,178
Other	95,126			730,170
Long-term obligations due within one year - County	6,703,512			
Long-term obligations due within one year - County Long-term obligations due within one year - TTASC	206,048			
Total Current Liabilities	22,750,496	134,905	1,000	784,881
Total Outfork Elabilities	22,130,430	104,500	1,000	1 04,001

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Primary			
	Government	(Component Unit	S
	Governmental Activities	Tompkins County Public Library	Industrial Development Agency	Soil and Water Conservation District
Total current liabilities carried forward	\$ 22,750,496 \$	134,905 \$	1,000 \$	784,881
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Long-term obligations due after one year - County Long-term obligations due after one year - TTASC	48,357,899 10,874,873	104,115		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	59,232,772	104,115	-0-	-0-
Total Liabilities	81,983,268	239,020	1,000	784,881
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	101,720,384	1,034,721		49,579
Restricted for:				
Community Development	5,290,744			
Public Safety	326,115			
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	643,291			
Library - Expendable		241,176		
Debt	6,251,725			
Library - Nonexpendable		416,144		
Total Restricted Net Assets	12,511,875	657,320	-0-	-0-
Unrestricted	38,000,160	1,189,147	900,870	(141,551)
Total Net Assets	\$ ######## \$	2,881,188 \$	900,870 \$	(91,972)

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

				Program Revenues				
<u>FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS</u> Primary Government:	-	Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities:								
General Governmental Support	\$	26,099,133	\$	2,195,944	\$	256,135	\$	
Education		12,774,504	_	163,023		2,584,958	-	
Public Safety	•	14,341,968		1,003,365		1,336,196	_	113,715
Health	•	17,462,455		5,899,398		6,760,162	_	
Transportation	-	22,553,064		3,235,077	_	3,336,377		7,226,187
Economic Assistance	•							
and Opportunity	_	46,810,130		2,407,492		24,497,011	_	
Culture and Recreation	<u>-</u>	4,995,321		177,741		415,799		
Home and Community Services	<u>-</u>	6,218,604		5,770,471		985,328		
Interest on Debt-County	<u>-</u>	2,515,840						
Interest on Debt-TASC	-	755,976						
Total Governmental Activities	\$	154,526,995	\$	20,852,511	\$	40,171,966	\$_	7,339,902
Component Units:								
Tompkins County Public Library	\$	3,350,866	\$	113,506	\$	3,528,018	\$	
Industrial Development Agency	-	465,210		365,021		· · ·	_	
Soil and Water Conservation		871,314		55,320		733,413	_	
Total Component Units	\$	4,687,390	\$	533,847	\$	4,261,431	\$_	-0-

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets brought forward

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property tax items

Sales and other taxes

Tobacco settlement payments - County

Tobacco settlement payments - TTASC

Grants and contributions not restricted to

specific programs

Use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Change in equity in joint ventures

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of Year

Net Assets - End of Year

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
	Primary								
-	Government	-		С	Component Units	,			
	Total		Tompkins		Industrial		Soil and Water		
	Governmental		County		Development		Conservation		
-	Activities	-	Public Library		Agency		District		
\$	(23,647,054)	\$		\$		\$			
•	(10,026,523)	-		•		•			
-	(11,888,692)	-		٠		٠			
-	(4,802,895)	-		٠					
-	(8,755,423)	-				٠			
•	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-		,					
_	(19,905,627)	_		_					
•	(4,401,781)	-							
	537,195								
	(2,515,840)								
	(755,976)								
	(96 162 616)		-0-		-0-		-0-		
-	(86,162,616)	-	-0-		-0-		-0-		
		_	290,658						
					(100,189)				
_							(82,581)		
	-0-		290,658		(100,189)		(82,581)		
-	-0-	-	230,030		(100,103)		(02,301)		
	(86,162,616)		290,658		(100,189)		(82,581)		
•	<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>		· ·		
	32,401,040								
-	1,625,851	-		٠		٠			
-	44,977,217	-		٠		•			
•	678,964	-		٠		٠			
•	688,854	-		•		•			
•		-		٠					
_	812,076	_							
-	3,855,121	-	110,703		32,397		17,785		
-	777,358		43,243				2,181		
	(60,991)								
	2,057,594								
	87,813,084	-	153,946		32,397		19,966		
	1,650,468	-	444,604		(67,792)		(62,615)		
	150,581,951	_	2,436,584		968,662		(29,357)		
\$	152,232,419	\$	2,881,188	\$	900,870	\$	(91,972)		

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

			Major Funds	
	_		Special Rev	enue Funds
		General Fund	County Road Fund	Transportation Fund
Assets:				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted - Restricted Temporary investments	\$	11,542,470 \$ 1,000,728	1,340,124	95,235
Taxes receivable, net		4,298,928		
Due from other funds		651,683	558,584	284,070
Due from state and federal governments		9,003,754	552,563	88,790
Due from other governments	·	90,316		
Other receivables, net	<u> </u>	5,687,363		350,957
Prepaid expenses		826,455	38,560	12,689
Securities and mortgages	_			
Loans receivable	_			
Total Assets	\$	33,101,697 \$	2,489,831	831,741
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,494,725 \$	161,156	
Accrued liabilities		1,576,198	81,050	28,452
Due to other funds		1,938,562	194,924	348,575
Due to other governments		3,086,748		
Other liabilities		45,126		50,000
Deferred revenues		4,704,525		
Total Liabilities	_	14,845,884	437,130	523,018
Fund Balances:				
Fund Balances - Reserved:				
Encumbrances	_	1,158,304	23,365	13,062
Repairs and replacements				175,000
Miscellaneous reserve		1,000,728		
Debt Total Reserved	_	2,159,032	23,365	188,062
	_	2,100,002	20,000	100,002
Fund Balances - Unreserved				
Appropriated		3,911,540		
Fund Balances - Unreserved				
Unappropriated, Reported in:		10 10 011		
General Fund		12,185,241		
Special Revenue Funds			2,029,336	120,661
Capital Projects Funds				
Debt Service Funds				
Total Unreserved	_	16,096,781	2,029,336	120,661
Total Fund Balances	_	18,255,813	2,052,701	308,723
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	33,101,697 \$	2,489,831	831,741

Major Funds Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Total Non-Major Total Fund Solid Waste Special Grant Public Safety **Debt Service** Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds 1,959,775 1,568,734 3,116,580 19,622,918 859,721 2,500,000 893,130 1,864,684 7,118,263 657,820 657,820 4,298,928 526,680 3,439,388 57,662 261,630 113,715 985,364 85,064 9,983,086 252,915 90,316 90,879 23,841 3,243 674,832 6,831,115 912,483 14,578 11,742 8,459 2,738,562 2,738,562 4,177,545 4,177,545 2,122,894 5,419,543 4,182,449 \$ 4,620,299 \$ 7,101,970 \$ 59,870,424 76,328 6,661,386 326,198 789,959 \$ 1,717,029 \$ 23,252 23,891 10,892 1,743,735 409,907 67,086 240 1,041,371 4,000,665 3,086,748 14,633 109,759 4,206,524 2,738,562 11,649,611 417,175 4,306,344 1,199,866 2,738,562 2,783,925 27,251,904 30,481 1,411 232,602 1,459,225 400,000 575,000 1,000,728 1,881,737 1,881,737 430,481 1,411 -0-1,881,737 232,602 4,916,690 -0-3,911,540 12,185,241 1,275,238 1,111,788 445,504 4,982,527 2,982,583 2,008,513 4,991,096 1,631,426 1,631,426 -0-1,275,238 1,111,788 2,982,583 4,085,443 27,701,830 1,705,719 1,113,199 2,982,583 1,881,737 4,318,045 32,618,520 4,182,449 2,122,894 5,419,543 4,620,299 7,101,970 59,870,424

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2007</u>

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 32,618,520
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assbecause:	sets are different	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in Governmen not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ital Activities are	
Historical cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	245,709,540 (90,607,954)	155,101,586
Equity interests in joint ventures are not reported in the fund finar because they do not represent current resources. These are the involunity's joint ventures:		
Tompkins Cortland Community College \$ Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit	3,771,385	20,545,006
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period extherefore, are deferred in the funds.	xpenditures and,	8,248,013
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the activities, such as health and workers' compensation insurance. liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in Governmental Statement of Net Assets.	The assets and	1,848,944
Certain accrued expenses, such as interest on debt, reported in the S Assets, do not require the use of current financial resources and, the reported as liabilities in Governmental Funds. Similarly, unamortized by are not recognized as assets in the fund financial statements.	nerefore, are not	
Accrued interest payable \$ TTASC unamortized bond issue costs	5 (775,198) 152,881	(622,317)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payab period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note 2-B-2.	ole in the current	
Serial Bonds payable \$ TTASC tobacco settlement pass-through bonds Bond Anticipation Notes payable Installment purchase debt Compensated absences	(39,309,659) (11,080,921) (1,815,000) (10,246,595) (3,055,158)	(65,507,333)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(0,000,100)	
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ <u>152,232,419</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

				Major Funds		
				Special Re	vei	nue Funds
		General Fund		County Road Fund		Transportation Fund
<u>REVENUES</u>					•	
Real property taxes	\$_	32,307,526	\$_		\$	
Real property tax items	_	1,625,851	_			
Nonproperty tax items	_	44,977,217	_			
Departmental income	_	11,023,795	_			1,102,854
Intergovernmental charges	_	401,385	_	265,282		190,373
Use of money and property	_	1,497,001		36,692	i	1,137,480
Licenses and permits		2,587		7,699		
Fines and forfeitures		184,489				
Sale of property and compensation for loss		763,131		4,987		49,838
Miscellaneous local sources		1,332,107		6,520		6,445
Interfund revenues		1,068,786	•	13,854		
State sources		22,758,868	-	1,563,302		
Federal sources		15,740,339	-	292,581		130,498
Total Revenues		133,683,082	-	2,190,917		2,617,488
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	_		_		•	_
General Governmental Support		25,454,511				
Education	-	7,594,614	-			
Public Safety	_	13,928,029	-	272,481		
Health	-	17,321,798	-	272,401		
Transportation	_	5,540,877	-	6,356,457		2,214,588
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	_	45,412,406	-	0,000,407		2,214,500
Culture and Recreation	-	4,671,487	-			
Home and Community Services	-	1,270,683	-			
Employee Benefits	-	102,557	-	640,211		256,056
Debt Service (principal and interest)	_	94,762	-	040,211		230,030
Capital Outlay	-	94,702	-			
Total Expenditures	_	121,391,724	-	7,269,149		2,470,644
Excess of Revenues (Expenditures)	_	12,291,358		(5,078,232)		146,844
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_		-			
Interfund transfers in				5,323,160		
Interfund transfers (out)	_	(11,204,015)	-			(320,900)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(11,204,015)	-	5,323,160		(320,900)
Excess of Revenues (Expenditures)						
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	1,087,343	_	244,928		(174,056)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		17,168,470		1,807,773		482,779
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	18,255,813	\$	2,052,701	\$	308,723
i una balances, Ena di Teal	Ψ_	10,233,013	Ψ.	2,032,701	Ψ	300,723

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

Major Funds

-			Majoi								
_	Special Re	even	ue Funds		Capital Projects				Total		
				-	Fund				Non-Major		Total
	Solid Waste		Special Grant		Public Safety		Debt Service		Governmental		Governmental
_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund		Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
	_		_	_						_	_
\$_		\$_		\$		\$		\$_		\$_	32,307,526
		_									1,625,851
		_								_	44,977,217
	4,401,227		490,813								17,018,689
							164,075		11,291	_	1,032,406
	68,679				414,618		273,179		381,052		3,808,701
•				_						-	10,286
-		_						_		-	184,489
-	1,004,833	_		-				_	131,612	-	1,954,401
-	44,988	_	61,294	-	5,798		212,468	_	691,597	-	2,361,217
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	,	-				_	1,440,413	-	2,523,053
-	92,284	-		-	113,715			_	1,497,086	-	26,025,255
-	02,20:	_	1,580,827	-				_	3,861,927	-	21,606,172
-	5,612,011	_	2,132,934	-	534,131		649,722	_	8,014,978	-	155,435,263
-	0,012,011	-	2,102,001	-	001,101		010,722	_	0,011,070	-	100, 100,200
							8,945		66,134		25,529,590
-		-		-				_	33,:31	-	7,594,614
-		_		-				-		-	14,200,510
-		-		-				-		-	17,321,798
-		-		-				_	1,417,801	-	15,529,723
-		_	1,096,728	-				_	1,417,001	-	46,509,134
-		-	1,030,720	-				-		-	4,671,487
-	4,054,621	-	1,085,628	-				-		-	6,410,932
-		_	1,000,020	-				_	81,272	-	1,289,286
-	209,190	_		-			0 165 141	_	642,560	-	
-		-		-	12 245 001		8,165,141	_		-	8,902,463
-	4 262 044	-	2 402 256	-	12,245,981		0.474.006	_	15,094,994	-	27,340,975
-	4,263,811	-	2,182,356	-	12,245,981		8,174,086	_	17,302,761	-	175,300,512
	1,348,200		(49,422)		(11,711,850)		(7,524,364)		(9,287,783)		(19,865,249)
-	1,040,200	_	(43,422)	-	(11,711,000)		(1,024,004)	_	(3,201,103)	-	(13,003,243)
							7,895,728		1,348,758		14,567,646
-	(1,150,215)	_		-	(409,907)		.,000,:20	_	(1,678,849)	-	(14,763,886)
-	(1,150,215)	_	-0-	-	(409,907)		7,895,728	_	(330,091)	-	(196,240)
-	(1,100,210)	_		-	(100,001)		1,000,120	_	(000,001)	-	(100,210)
	197,985		(49,422)		(12,121,757)		371,364		(9,617,874)		(20,061,489)
-		_		-	,			_	-	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
_	1,507,734		1,162,621	_	15,104,340		1,510,373		13,935,919	_	52,680,009
ሰ	4 = 0 = - : 0	φ.		φ	0 000 ===	ው	4 004 ===	σ	4 0 4 0 5 : =	ሰ	-
\$	1,705,719	\$_	1,113,199	\$	2,982,583	\$	1,881,737	\$_	4,318,045	\$	32,618,520

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (20,061,489)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report Capital Outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay\$ 20,253,915Net book value of disposed assets(278,445)Depreciation expense(6,589,883)	13,385,587
Equity interests in joint ventures are not reported in the fund financial statements because they do not represent current resources. This is the change in the investments in the County's joint ventures.	2,057,594
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the change in deferred tax revenues.	93,514
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount by which repayment of bond principal of \$5,939,895 exceeded the proceeds of debt of \$-0	5,939,895
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These expenses include an increase in compensated absences, an increase in accrued interest payable, payment of rental commitments, and the amortization of bond premium, discounts and issuance costs.	
Compensated absences \$ 74,177 Accrued interest payable 118,631 Accreted interest on Series 2005 TTASC bonds (283,227) Amortization of bond premiums, discounts, bond issuance costs, and amounts deferred on refunding bonds (144,652)	(235,071)
Cash outflows from the issuance of loans to qualified recipients under revolving loan programs are recorded as expenditures, whereas loan repayments and payments on long-term receivables are recorded as revenue in the fund financial statements. In the Government-wide statements, these transactions affect only cash and loans receivable and are not recorded in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which issues of \$918,037 exceeded	318,207
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers compensation and insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Fund is reported with Governmental Activities.	152,231
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,650,468

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Governmental
		Activities
		Internal Service
	ACCETC	Funds
Current Assets:	<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,984,940
Accounts receivable, net	4	238
Due from other funds		561,277
Total Current Assets		2,546,455
		2,0 :0, :00
Noncurrent Assets:		
Total Noncurrent Assets		-0-
Total Assets		2,546,455
		_
	<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		62,512
Total Current Liabilities		62,512
Noncurrent Liabilities:		004.000
Benefits and awards payable		634,999
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		634,999
Total Liabilities		697,511
Total Elabilities		007,011
	NET ASSETS	
Total Net Assets	<u>NET 7180ET0</u>	1,848,944

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
ODEDATING DEVENUES	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for convices Covernmental Funds	\$ 541 240
Charges for services - Governmental Funds	Ψ 011,210
Charges for services - External participants	22,751
Charges for services - Interfund transfer	196,240
Other operating revenues	95,831
Total Operating Revenues	856,062
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administrative	90,563
Contractual	132,232
Benefits and awards	346,499
Claims and judgments	201,645
Total Operating Expenses	770,939
Gain from Operations	85,123
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	67,108
Total Nonoperating Revenues	67,108
Net Income Before Transfers	152,231
Change in Net Assets	152,231
Total Not Acceta Deginning of Voca	4 606 740
Total Net Assets, Beginning of Year	1,696,713
Total Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 1,848,944

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

TOK THE TEAK ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007		
	Goverr	nmental
		ivities
		Service
	<u> </u>	unds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from providing services	\$	563,753
Cash received from insurance recoveries		95,831
Cash received from interfund transfer		(28,890)
Cash payments - Suppliers		196,485)
Cash payments - Claims and benefits		613,457)
Submitted Stating and Benefits		010,401)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(179,248)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities		-0-
	-	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		-0-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest income received		67 100
interest income received		67,108
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		67,108
, ,	-	,
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(112,140)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1,	2,	097,080
Cook and Cook Equivalents, December 21	\$ 1	004 040
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31,	Ψ 1,	984,940
Reconciliation of Gain of Income from Operations		
·		
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	_	
Gain from operations	\$	85,123
(Decrease) in interfund receivable	(225,130)
(Increase) in other receivables		(238)
Increase in accounts payable	-	26,310
(Decrease) in accrued liabilities		(65,313)
(Decidase) iii accided liabilities		(00,010)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (179,248)
The Cast Forder by Operating Addition	Ť	170,240)

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted Accounts receivable	\$14,467	\$ 3,986,718 313,647
Total Assets	14,467	\$ 4,300,365
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Agency liabilities		\$ 4,300,365
Total Liabilities	-0-	\$ 4,300,365
NET ASSETS Held in Trust for Memorials	14,467	
Total Net Assets	\$14,467_	

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

			Private Purpose Trust Fund
Investment earnings	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	\$_	107
Total Additions		_	107
Total Daductions	DEDUCTIONS		0
Total Deductions		-	-0-
Change in Net Assets		_	107
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		_	14,360
Net Assets - End of Year		\$ <u></u>	14,467

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County of Tompkins have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The County has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its Governmental Activities and has elected to do so. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Tompkins, which was incorporated in 1817, is governed by its Charter, Administrative Code, the County Law, other general laws of the State of New York, and various local laws. The County Legislature is the legislative body responsible for overall operations; the County Administrator serves as Chief Executive Officer and Budget Officer, and the Finance Director serves as Chief Fiscal Officer.

The County provides the following basic services: General Governmental Support, Education, Public Safety, Health, Transportation, Economic Assistance and Opportunity, Culture and Recreation, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and Home and Community Services.

All Governmental Activities and functions performed by the County of Tompkins are its direct responsibility. No other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government which is the County of Tompkins, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units."

The decision to include a potential component unit in the County's reporting entity is based on several criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following are included as component units:

1. Blended Component Units

Tompkins Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation - During 2000, in accordance with the laws of New York State, and the securitization of 50% of its future tobacco settlement proceeds, the Tompkins Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (TTASC) was established. The Tompkins TASC is one of seventeen New York County TASC's in the New York Counties Tobacco Trust I, organized as not-for-profit local development corporations who purchased the rights to the tobacco settlement proceeds from each respective County. The TASC's, in turn, pledged and assigned all of their rights as security and as a source of payment to the New York Counties Tobacco Trust I, who issued in aggregate \$227,130,000 of Tobacco Settlement Pass Through Bonds. The proceeds from securitizing 50% of its future proceeds amounted to \$7,070,234 and were recognized in the 2000 financial statements of the County. During 2005, the TASC was able to restructure pledged revenues in order to raise additional revenues.

Participation in New York Counties' Tobacco Trust V resulted in \$3,659,502 of proceeds distributed to the County for capital improvements. The TTASC is deemed to be a blended component unit of the County and is reported as a Debt Service Fund. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Finance Director at Tompkins County located at 125 Court Street, Ithaca, NY 14850.

2. Discretely Presented Component Units

Tompkins County Public Library - Established in 1968 by the Tompkins County Board of Supervisors and granted a charter by the State Board of Regents as provided in Article 5 of the Education Law. The Tompkins County Legislature appoints trustees; raises taxes for library purposes; has title to real property used by the library; and issues all library indebtedness which is supported by the full faith and credit of the County of Tompkins. The library is a discretely presented component unit of the County. Complete financial statements can be obtained from their administrative office at 101 East Green Street, Ithaca, NY 14850.

Tompkins County Industrial Development Agency - A Public Benefit Corporation created by State Legislation to promote the economic welfare, recreational opportunities, and prosperity of Tompkins County residents. Members of the agency are appointed by the municipality but exercise no oversight responsibility. Agency members have complete responsibility for management of the agency and accountability for fiscal matters. The municipality is not liable for agency bonds or notes. The agency is deemed to be a component unit of the County and is presented as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Tompkins County Industrial Development Agency, 200 E. Buffalo Street, Suite 102A, Ithaca, NY 14850.

Tompkins County Soil and Water Conservation District - Established under provisions of Article 3, Section 30 of the General Municipal Law to provide for the conservation of soil and water resources. Members of the District's Board of Directors are appointed by the County Legislature and the County provides 14% of the District's General Fund revenue. The Soil and Water Conservation District is considered a component unit of the County and is discretely presented. Complete financial statements can be obtained from their administrative office at 903 Hanshaw Road, Ithaca, NY 14850.

3. Joint Ventures

Although the following organizations are related to the County of Tompkins, they are not included in the County of Tompkins' reporting entity:

a. The Tompkins Cortland Community College was established in 1965 by joint action of the legislative boards of Tompkins and Cortland Counties as joint local sponsors under provisions of Article 126 of the Education Law. The college is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of nine voting members; five of whom are appointed by the legislative boards of the two counties under an apportionment made between the two counties by the State University Trustee, and four by the Governor. The college's annual operating and capital budget is subject to approval by both county boards and, in addition, the counties provide one-half of capital costs and one-third of operating costs for the college. Ownership of existing capital facilities is held in the ratio of 68% and 32% by the Counties of Tompkins and Cortland, respectively. Subsidies to meet operational expenses are shared in the ratio of resident students in attendance. The Tompkins Cortland Community College is an activity undertaken jointly with the County of Cortland and accordingly, its financial statements are excluded from those of the reporting entities. See Note 3 for additional disclosure regarding this joint venture.

b. The Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit (TCAT) was formed under a consolidation agreement between the City of Ithaca, Tompkins County, and Cornell University effective April 1, 1998. The agreement shall remain in force until October 9, 2021. TCAT began operations on January 1, 1999, with its purpose to provide public transportation in Tompkins County and surrounding areas. As of January 1, 2005 TCAT was reorganized as a 501(c)(3). However, the structure of the Board, and the interest of each party was not changed. TCAT is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of nine voting members with three members being appointed by each participant in the venture. The General Manager of TCAT is a non-voting ex-officio member of the Board. In addition, the nine voting members of the Board select five additional non-voting, ex-officio members. Interest of each party in surpluses, losses, property, and in debt acquired by TCAT shall be shared equally. Each party makes an annual contribution of equal amounts to the venture. See Notes 3 and 7 for additional disclosure regarding this joint venture.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements include both Government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's Major Funds.) Both the Government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The County's General Governmental Support, Education, Public Safety, Health, Transportation, Highways and Streets, Economic Assistance and Opportunity, Culture and Recreation, and Home and Community Services are classified as Governmental Activities. Services relating to self insurance and workers' compensation administration are classified as Business-type Activities.

1. Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of activities for the primary government and for the County's discretely presented component units.

Government-wide financial statements do not include the activities reported in the Fiduciary Funds or fiduciary component units. This Government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in the County's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the Governmental Activities are presented on a consolidated basis in one column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost for each of the County's functions or programs. Gross expenses are direct expenses, including depreciation, that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. These expenses are offset by program revenues - charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the prepared or capital requirements of a particular program. Depreciation on assets that are shared by essentially all of the County's programs has been reported in General Government Support. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The net cost represents the extent to which each function or program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

The County does not allocate indirect costs. Indirect costs are reported in the function entitled "General Government."

2. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The County records its transactions in the fund types described below:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources, and the related liabilities are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus of the Governmental Funds is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the County's Governmental Funds:

Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the principal operating fund and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

<u>County Road Fund</u> - The County Road Fund is used to account for expenditures for highway purposes authorized by Section 114 of the Highway Law.

<u>Transportation</u> - The Transportation Fund is used to account for the operations of the County-owned airport.

<u>Special Grant Fund</u> - The Special Grant Fund is used to account for Community Development Block Grants and funds received under the Workforce Investment Act.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> - The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for County solid waste activities.

Capital Projects Fund

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - The Public Safety Fund is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities or equipment used for Public Safety.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for current payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt (and for financial resources accumulated in a reserve for payment of future principal and interest on long-term indebtedness).

Non-Major Funds

Special Revenue Fund

Road Machinery Fund - The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair, maintenance, and storage of highway machinery, tools, and equipment pursuant to Section 133 of the Highway Law.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Funds consist of General Government, Transportation, Home and Community Service, Public Health, Education, and TCAT funds, which are used to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities, equipment or transportation system.

<u>TTASC Debt Service Fund</u> - The TTASC Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources from tobacco settlement payments and for the payment of principal and interest on the Tobacco Settlement Pass through Bonds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations or activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The following Proprietary Fund is utilized:

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of unemployment insurance as authorized by Section 6M of the General Municipal Law and to account for the accumulation of resources for payment of compensation, assessments, and other obligations under Workers' Compensation Law, Article 5, and for the accumulation of resources for payment of self-insured risks as authorized by Section 6N of the General Municipal Law.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to account for money and/or property received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> - The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to report all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County uses this fund to report funds provided for cemetery maintenance.

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to <u>when</u> revenues and expenditures/expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus. Measurement focus is the determination of <u>what</u> is measured, i.e. expenditures or expenses.

Accrual Basis - The Government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly all of the County's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual Basis - Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes, state and federal aid, sales tax, and certain user charges.

The County considers property tax receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. All other revenues that are deemed collectible within six months after year end are recognized as revenues in the current year. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when incurred. The cost of capital assets is recognized as an expenditure when received. Exceptions to this general rule are that 1) principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due, and 2) compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.

D. Equity Classifications

1. Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted net assets</u> - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> - Consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary Fund equity is classified the same as in the Government-wide statements. The following reserve funds are used by the County. Any capital gains or interest earned on reserve fund resources becomes part of the respective reserve fund. While a separate bank account is not necessary for each reserve fund, a separate identity for each reserve fund must be maintained.

<u>Reserve for Encumbrances</u> - The Reserve for Encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year and is utilized by any of the Governmental Funds, as needed.

<u>Miscellaneous Reserve</u> - The Miscellaneous Reserve is used for various purposes and is aggregated and reported in the General and Transportation Funds.

Reserve for Repairs and Replacements - The Reserve for Repairs and Replacements provides funds for the financing of all or part of the cost of: a) the construction, reconstruction or acquisition of a specific capital improvement or the acquisition of a specific item or specific items of equipment, or b) the construction, reconstruction or acquisition of a type of capital improvement or the acquisition of a type of equipment.

<u>Reserve for Debt</u> - The Reserve for Debt is a fund for the payment of the County's bonded indebtedness and is reported in the Debt Service Funds.

E. Property Taxes

The authority of levying taxes for the support of County and town government, inclusive of special districts, and for relevying unpaid school taxes and village taxes, has been delegated by the State Legislature to the governing board of the County through various provisions of the Real Property Tax Law. For purposes of both County and town taxes, the value of real property is listed and established by the County Director of Assessment for each parcel of real property therein. Amounts to be raised by tax are determined from balanced budgets of the towns and the County and levied on or before December 31, each year. The lien date is January 1. Tax rates are established by the ratio of real property value to the taxes to be raised. In the instance of County taxes levied within the city and each of the towns, property values are equalized by the County Legislature through establishment of the ratio that assessed value of the real property in each town and the city bears to the full value therein. Except for city school district taxes levied within the city, unpaid school and village taxes are purchased from each school district and village and added to tax levies and, until paid, are counted among the assets of the County; the County thus acquires all rights, title, and interest in any unpaid taxes. Unpaid city school district taxes on properties outside of the city are also turned over to the County for collection. Taxes are collected in the towns and City of Ithaca from January 1, to a date no later than April 1, when settlement is made with the Finance Director, who makes collections thereafter. The towns' share of tax levies, which is guaranteed by the County, is paid to supervisors out of the first money received. A five percent penalty is added to unpaid items at the time of settlement; thereafter, unpaids, inclusive of this penalty, bear interest at an annual variable rate determined by the New York State Commission of Taxation and Finance.

Commencing in 1995, the County began enforcing delinquent taxes under the provisions of Article 11 of the Real Property Tax Law.

Residential and farm property classes are now subject to foreclosure after a three year period of delinquency as compared to the former practice of four years; all other classes of property are now subject to foreclosure action after a two year period of delinquency. Article 11 also replaces the procedure of sending delinquent taxes to Tax Sale. The County is now required to file a list of delinquent taxes with the County Clerk and to maintain such listing on an annual basis. Delinquent taxes, which are not redeemed within times prescribed by statute, are subject to conversion to tax deeds vesting title in the County, which in turn may be conveyed by sale to third parties.

Real property taxes levied are recognized as revenue in the Governmental Fund financial statements only if they are "available" within 60 days following the end of the fiscal year. Tax revenue not so available is treated as deferred revenue. At December 31, 2007, the County had deferred \$1,331,906 of real property tax revenue in the General Fund.

F. Budgetary Data

- 1. <u>Budgeting Policies</u> The budget policies are as follows:
 - a. No later than November 10, the County Administrator (as budget officer) submits a tentative budget to the County Legislature for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds.
 - b. After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than December 10, the governing board adopts the budget.

- c. Budget modifications in excess of \$5,000 are authorized by resolution of the County Legislature. Unencumbered budgetary appropriations lapse at the close of each fiscal year with the exception of capital projects. There is an adopted Fiscal Plan which is reviewed annually. The Fiscal Plan allows County departments to apply for the reappropriation of unspent appropriations from the previous year.
- d. Capital project budgets are established in the capital projects annual budget (which coincides with the operations budget) and through the County Legislature resolutions authorizing individual projects. These resolutions remain in effect for the life of the project.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, the County considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

H. Investments

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

I. Receivables

Receivables are stated net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts. Amounts due from state and federal governments represent amounts owed to the County to reimburse it for expenditures incurred pursuant to state and federally funded programs.

J. Revenues

Substantially all Governmental Fund revenues are accrued. Property tax receivables expected to be received later than 60 days after year end are deferred. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient. Subsidies and grants to Proprietary Funds that finance either capital or current operations are reported as nonoperating revenue, based on GASB 33. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

K. Self-Insurance

The County of Tompkins assumes the liability for all general liability and substantially all of its vehicle risks. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. As of December 31, 2007, the County had reserved \$1,271,715 in the Internal Service Fund to fund any settlements (See Note 4). At year end, there was \$235,500 of incurred claims pending. Additionally, the County is self-insured for unemployment and reimburses New York State dollar for dollar for any unemployment claims. Unemployment charges for 2007 amounted to \$65,293.

Effective January 1, 1994, the County became self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Claims occurring prior to 1994 are insured under retrospective adjustment policies issued by the State Insurance Fund. During 2007, the County was not subject to retrospective premiums for claims incurred prior to the County becoming self-insured. The Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Plan as of December 31, 2007, reflected \$634,999 as an accrual for claims incurred but not paid.

An additional \$577,229 is reserved in the Internal Service Fund to fund any claims. Activity for workers' compensation claims is as follows:

			Liability		Claims and				Liability
	Beginning		Changes in		Claim			End	
	Year	of Year		_	Estimates		Payments		of Year
_	2007	\$	700,312	\$	281,186	\$	346,499	\$	634,999
	2006		800,312		347,586		447,586		700,312

L. Property, Plant, and Equipment

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other Capital Outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Equipment and furnishings over \$5,000; machinery and motor vehicles over \$25,000; land and buildings over \$100,000; and infrastructure assets over \$100,000, and have a useful life greater than one year, are capitalized at cost in the Statement of Net Assets. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. The estimated useful lives for governmental capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 30 years Machinery and equipment 5 - 15 years Infrastructure 25 - 50 years

M. <u>Vacation and Sick Leave and Compensatory Absences</u>

County of Tompkins' employees are granted vacation and sick leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. Two to four weeks of vacation time, depending upon length of employment, is earned by each full time permanent and provisional employee. Benefits accrue upon commencement of employment. Sick/disability leave credits accumulate to a maximum of 120 days. Upon termination of employment, employees are compensated for unused vacation time up to a maximum of two years. 760 employees are eligible to receive unused sick benefits, unused holiday time, and unused compensatory time in cash or credit to be used to pay for health insurance during retirement. The value of these benefits at December 31, 2007, is approximately \$3,055,158, and is recorded as a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In addition, component units of the County reported \$104,115 in compensated absences at December 31, 2007.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the Statement of Net Assets is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payments of vacation and sick leave and compensatory absences when such payment becomes due.

N. Postemployment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County of Tompkins provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the County of Tompkins' employees may become eligible for these benefits if they elect to continue coverage. Health care benefits and survivors benefits are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The County of Tompkins recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.

During the year, \$861,645 was paid on behalf of 216 retired employees. Certain retirees of the Tompkins County Library and Tompkins Cortland Community College are covered under health plans administered by the County. Both of these entities reimburse the County fully for their share of post employment benefits.

O. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either, loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements take place when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between Governmental Funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the Government-wide financial statements.

Note 2 - Detail Notes

A. Assets

1. Cash and Investments

The County of Tompkins' investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the County of Tompkins has its own written investment policy. County of Tompkins' monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The County Finance Director is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral (security) is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and school districts.

The written investment policy requires repurchase agreements to be purchased from banks located within the State and that underlying securities must be obligations of the federal government. Underlying securities must have a market value of at least 105 percent of the cost of the repurchase agreement.

Deposits and investments are valued at cost or cost plus interest, and are categorized as either (1) insured and for which the collateral is held by the County of Tompkins' agent in the County's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name, or (3) uncollateralized.

Deposits and investments at year end were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by collateral held by custodial banks in the County's name. Total financial institution (bank) balances at December 31, 2007, per the bank, were \$32,485,099 and \$1,268,738 for the primary government and component units, respectively.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash and cash equivalents, reported on the Government-wide financial statements consists of:

Activity	Amount
Governmental Activities:	_
Capital Projects - unspent bond proceeds	\$ 4,069,750
Debt Service	1,188,064
Community Development	859,721
Public Safety	326,115
Repairs and Replacements	-0-
Home and Community - open space protection	31,322
Economic Assistance	 643,291
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,118,263

Restricted investments of \$657,820 represent amounts held in a mandated TASC liquidity reserve, which is held in trust and comprised of commercial paper maturing March 3, 2008 recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments of the Tompkins County Public Library Foundation

Investments of the Tompkins County Public Library Foundation, a component unit of the Tompkins County Public Library are stated at fair value and consist of Mutual Funds, as follows:

			2007		
			Fair		Unrealized
	 Cost	_	Value	_	Appreciation
Mutual Funds	\$ 902,425	\$_	985,559	\$	83,134

2. <u>Securities and Mortgages Receivable</u>

The County has recorded \$2,738,562 of Securities and Mortgages Receivable offset by Deferred Revenues of \$2,738,562 in the Debt Service Fund. In the Statement of Net Assets, this receivable is not deferred. The receivable represents the portion of debt reflected in the Statement of Net Assets which third parties have contractual responsibility for reimbursing the County for future Debt Service requirements. The following summarizes the parties and obligations involved:

	Original	Date				Balance
Indebtedness	s Amount	Issued	Party Involved	% Share		12/31/07
Serial Bond	\$ 330,000	2003	Food Net	100%	\$	258,316
BAN	105,000	2002	Cooperative Extension of T.C.	100%		79,868
BAN	2,910,000	2001	Cortland County	36%		627,625
BAN	1,400,000	2001	Tompkins Community Action	100%		958,415
Serial Bond	335,000	1995	Cooperative Extension of T.C.	100%		169,215
Serial Bond	2,800,000	1995	Cortland County	36%		374,530
Serial Bond	1,000,000	1998	Cortland County	36%		270,593
					_	_
Total					\$_	2,738,562

3. Other Receivables

Accounts receivable as of December 31, 2007, is as follows:

General Fund:	_	
Sales tax revenue - 4 th quarter	\$	3,459,736
Tobacco settlement revenue receivable		672,277
Miscellaneous rents and fees Allowance for uncollectibles		1,650,469
Allowance for uncollectibles		(95,119)
Total General Fund		5,687,363
Transportation Fund:		
Transportation fees due from airlines		350,957
		000,007
Solid Waste Fund:		
Solid waste tipping fees		161,767
Allowance for uncollectibles		(70,888)
Total Solid Waste Fund		90,879
Special Grant Fund: Grants receivable		23,841
Dobt Consider Fund		0.040
Debt Service Fund		3,243
Non-Major Funds:		
TTASC Tobacco settlement revenue receivable		
and accrued interest		674,832
		- ,
Total Non-Major Funds		674,832
Total Governmental Funds	\$	6,831,353

4. Property Taxes

At December 31, 2007, the total real property tax assets of \$4,838,745 are offset by an allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$539,817. Current year returned village and school taxes of \$2,736,936 are offset by liabilities to the villages and school districts which will be paid no later than April 1, 2007. The remaining portion of tax assets is (partially) offset by deferred tax revenue of \$1,331,906 (which represents an estimate of the taxes which will not be collected within the first sixty (60) days of the subsequent year).

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

		Balance at 12/31/06		Additions		Deletions		Balance at 12/31/07
Governmental Activities:	-			_	-	_	_	
Non-depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land and land improvements	\$	7,040,814	\$	80,085	\$		\$	7,120,899
Construction in progress		4,669,394		12,994,130		(511,467)		17,152,057
Total Non-depreciable Capital	-			_	-			
Assets	-	11,710,208		13,074,215	-	(511,467)	_	24,272,956
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings		74,598,696		232,987				74,831,683
Machinery and equipment		13,947,325		1,245,304		(744,524)		14,448,105
Infrastructure		125,943,920		6,212,876		(1 11,021)		132,156,796
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	-	214,489,941	•	7,691,167	-	(744,524)	_	221,436,584
Total Historical Cost	-	226,200,149		20,765,382	-	(1,255,991)	-	245,709,540
Total Historical Cost	-	220,200,149	•	20,700,302	-	(1,233,991)	_	245,709,540
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		(24,282,141)		(2,720,273)				(27,002,414)
Machinery and equipment		(7,006,231)		(447,073)		466,079		(6,987,225)
Infrastructure		(53, 195, 778)		(3,422,537)				(56,618,315)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(84,484,150)		(6,589,883)	-	466,079	_	(90,607,954)
Covernmental Activities Capital								
Governmental Activities Capital	ው	141 715 000	ф	14 175 400	ф	(700.012)	Φ	155 101 506
Assets, Net	\$	141,715,999	Ф	14,175,499	\$	(789,912)	Φ=	155,101,586

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government Support	\$	655,231
Education		15,167
Public Safety		336,505
Public Health		244,690
Transportation		4,100,100
Economic Assistance and Opportunity		420,621
Culture and Recreation		327,996
Home and Community Services		489,573
	·	
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	6,589,883

Capital asset activity of the Tompkins County Public Library is as follows:

		Restated						
		Balance at						Balance at
Historical Cost:		12/31/06	,	Additions		Retirements		12/31/07
Equipment	\$	1,611,319	\$	52,162	\$	(413,885)	\$	1,249,596
Collection		4,633,379		287,831		(139,001)		4,782,209
Total Historical Cost	_	6,244,698		339,993	-	(552,886)	-	6,031,805
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Equipment		(1,134,231)	(137,142)		413,885		(857,488)
Collection	_	(3,974,308)	<u>(</u>	306,418)	-	135,102	_	(4,139,596)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(5,108,539)	<u>(</u>	441,431)	_	552,886	=	(4,997,084)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$_	1,136,159	\$ <u>(</u>	(101,438)	\$	-0-	\$	1,034,721

The Tompkins County Public Library Foundation also had a net bank value of equipment of \$1,905 at December 31, 2007.

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plans

General Information

The County of Tompkins participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost sharing multiple-employer retirement system which provides retirement benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the System. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the System and for the custody and control of funds.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

Funding Policy

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary until such time as they have participated in the system for ten years. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by the employer to the pension accumulation fund.

The County of Tompkins is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contribution for the current year and two preceding years were:

	ERS
2007	\$ 3,242,593
2006	3,317,200
2005	3,666,468

The County's contributions made to the System were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each of the years. Contributions for certain employees of the Tompkins County Library and Tompkins Cortland Community College were included in billings from the Employees Retirement System. The County is reimbursed annually for the cost attributable to such employees.

Since 1989, the System's billings have been based on Chapter 62 of the Laws of 1989 of the State of New York. This legislation requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal years ended March 31, 1988 and 1989 (which otherwise were to have been paid on June 30, 1989 and 1990, respectively) over a 17 year period, with an 8.75% interest factor added. Local governments were given the option to prepay this liability. The County of Tompkins elected to make full payment on December 15, 1989.

On May 14, 2003, Chapter 49 of the Laws of 2003 of the State of New York was enacted which made the following changes to the Systems:

- Requires minimum contributions by employers of 4.5% of payroll every year, including years in which the investment performance would make a lower contribution possible.
- Changes the cycle of annual billing such that the contribution for a given fiscal year will be based on the value of the pension fund on the prior April 1st (e.g. billings due February 2007 would be based on the pension value as of March 31, 2006).
- Allows one-time financing of State fiscal year 2004-2005 pension cost by permitting local governments to bond, over five years, any required contribution in excess of 7% of estimated salaries or to amortize required contributions in excess of 7% over a five year period. [Superseded by Chapter 260 of the Laws of 2004. See below.]

On July 30, 2004, Chapter 260 of the Laws of 2004 of the State of New York was enacted that allows local employers to bond or amortize a portion of their retirement bill for up to ten years in accordance with the following schedule:

- For State fiscal year (SFY) 2004-05, the amount in excess of 7% of employees' covered pensionable salaries, with the first payment of those pension costs not due until the fiscal year succeeding that fiscal year in which the bonding/amortization was instituted.
- For SFY 2005-06, the amount in excess of 9.5% of employees' covered pensionable salaries.
- For SFY 2006-07, the amount in excess of 10.5% of employees' covered pensionable salaries.

This law requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while bonding or amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal years ending March 31, 2005 through 2007. The County has opted not to amortize.

2. Long-term Debt

a. Constitutional Debt Limit

At December 31, 2007, the total outstanding indebtedness of the County of Tompkins aggregated \$41,750,000. Of this amount, \$41,750,000 was subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented approximately 11.7% of its statutory debt limit.

b. Serial Bonds

The County of Tompkins borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the local government, are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

c. Bond Anticipation Notes

Bond Anticipation Notes are reflected as current or long-term liabilities depending on the refinancing status. For Governmental Funds, if all legal steps have been taken to refinance the Bond Anticipation Notes, the intent is supported by an ability to consummate refinancing the short-term note on a long-term basis in accordance with the criteria set forth in FASB Statement No. 6, "Classification of Short-term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced," the proceeds of the debt issue are reflected as "Other Financing Sources" in the operating statement of the recipient fund. Such notes are recorded as liabilities in the Government-wide financial statements.

State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations or paid off within five years after the original issue date. However, BANs issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

d. Other Long-term Debt

In addition to the above long-term debt, the County had the following non-current liabilities:

- 1) Compensated Absences: Represents the value of earned and unused portion of the liability for compensated absences and is liquidated in various funds.
- 2) Long-term Rental Commitments: Represents operating lease commitments extending beyond one year and is liquidated in the General Fund.
- Workers Compensation Claims: Represents the estimated liabilities for claims for workers' compensation that have been incurred but not reported and is liquidated in the Internal Service Fund.
- 4) Installment Purchase Debt: Represents long-term lease commitments and is liquidated in the General Fund. Amounts capitalized during the year in relation to these lease commitments was \$12,245,981 for construction in progress, with total lease commitments of \$10,246,595 at December 31, 2007.

e. Summary Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities outstanding at December 31, 2007:

<u>Liability</u>			
Serial Bonds	39,935,000		
Less deferred charges on defeased debt	(625,341)	\$	39,309,659
Bond Anticipation Notes			1,815,000
Compensated Absences			3,055,158
Workers' compensation claims			634,999
Installment purchase debt			10,246,595
TTASC Bonds	10,784,467		
Add accreted interest	569,119		
Less unamortized bond discount	(272,665)	_	11,080,921
Total Long-term Debt		\$_	66,142,332

f. Summary Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the period ended December 31, 2007:

					Amount Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	12/31/06	Additions	Deletions	12/31/07	One Year
Serial Bonds	\$ 37,770,000 \$	5,600,000	\$ (3,435,000) \$	39,935,000	\$ 3,730,000
Less deferred charges on					
defeased debt	(748,830)		123,489	(625,341)	(112,077)
Total Serial Bonds	37,021,170	5,600,000	(3,311,511)	39,309,659	3,617,923
Bond Anticipation Notes	9,020,000	1,815,000	(9,020,000)	1,815,000	1,815,000
Compensated absences	3,129,335		(74,177)	3,055,158	-0-
Workers' compensation claims	700,312		(65,313)	634,999	380,999
Installment purchase debt	10,956,490		(709,895)	10,246,595	889,590
Total Primary Government					
Long-term Debt	60,827,307	7,415,000	(13,180,896)	55,061,411	6,703,512
TTASC Bonds	10,974,467	-0-	(190,000)	10,784,467	220,000
Add accreted interest on					
2005 bonds	285,892	283,227		569,119	-0-
Less unamortized bond					
discount	(286,617)		13,952	(272,665)	(13,952)
Total TASC Bonds	10,973,742	283,227	(176,048)	11,080,921	206,048
Total Long-term Debt	\$ <u>71,801,049</u> \$	7,698,227	\$ <u>(13,356,944)</u> \$	66,142,332	6,909,560

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net, as it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

The County expensed \$3,271,816 in interest on the Bonds and Bond Anticipation Notes during the year.

Cash paid	\$ 2,962,568
Less interest accrued in prior year	(893,829)
Add interest accrued in the current year	775,198
Add accreted interest on the Series 2005 TASC bonds	283,227
Add amortization of amounts deferred on refunding	123,489
Add amortization of TTASC bond premium, discount and issue costs	 21,163
Total	\$ 3,271,816

g. Long-term Debt Maturity Schedule

The following is a statement of Serial Bonds and Bond Anticipation Notes with corresponding maturity schedules.

Description	Date Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Balance Outstanding
Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)	100000	rato	<u> </u>	_	Catotananig
Public Improvements	3/2007	3.64%	3/2008	\$_	1,815,000
Total BANS				\$_	1,815,000
Bonds					
1995 Series A & B Refunding Add unamortized premium Less unamortized deferred	8/2003	3.75%	8/2014	\$	5,710,000 91,021
amount on refunding					(172,678)
Less unamortized bond issue costs				_	(62,282)
Net Refunding Bonds					5,566,061
Mental Health Bldg.	12/1989	6.40%	6/2010		750,000
Public Improvements	5/1992	5.60-6.00%	5//2012		825,000
1996 NYSEFC Bonds	2/1996	2.79%	2/2012		705,000
2005 Bonds	3/2005	3.37%-4.0%	3/2020		3,040,000
Public Improvements	3/2006	3.35%-3.5%	3/2014		6,355,000
Public Improvement Refunding	10/2004	2.50-4.125%	2/2020		16,950,000
Add unamortized premium					515,935
Less unamortized deferred					(054.400)
amount on refunding					(854,409)
Less unamortized bond issue costs Net Refunding Public				_	(142,928)
Improvement Bonds					16,468,598
Public Improvements	3/2007	4.0%	3/2027		5,600,000
Total Bonds				\$	39,309,659
				-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Installment Purchase Debt	0/0000	0.750/	0/0010	Φ.	7 404 050
Public Safety Communications	3/2006	3.75%	9/2016	\$	7,461,858
Energy Performance Contract	3/2006	3.76%	3/2020	_	2,784,737
Total Installment Purchase Debt				\$	10,246,595

TTASC:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	[Outstanding December 31, 2006
Series 2000 Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds Less: Unamortized Bond Discount	12/00	6/25	5.25% - 6.30%	\$_	6,940,000 (191,879)
Carrying Value of Series 2000 Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds				_	6,748,121
Series 2005 Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds Less: Unamortized Bond Discount Add: Addition to Accreted Value	11/05	6/60	6.0% - 7.85%	_	3,844,467 (80,786) 569,119
Carrying Value of Series 2005 Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds				_	4,332,800
Total Carrying Value of Pass- through Bonds				\$_	11,080,921

The full amount of Bond Anticipation Notes of \$1,815,000 is due in 2008.

The County's Debt Service requirements at December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	Serial	Bonds	TASC Bonds		Installment Pu		
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 3,730,000	\$ 1,690,764 \$	220,000	\$ 440,013	\$ 889,590	\$ 376,146	\$ 7,346,513
2009	3,945,000	1,431,097	235,000	426,053	923,273	342,463	7,302,886
2010	4,070,000	1,276,221	260,000	410,865	958,231	307,505	7,282,822
2011	3,565,000	1,111,191	270,000	394,621	994,514	271,223	6,606,549
2012	3,715,000	971,822	285,000	377,584	1,032,169	233,567	6,615,142
2013-2017	12,840,000	2,874,012	2,008,214	1,898,054	4,783,752	560,122	24,964,154
2018-2022	6,200,000	788,397	3,434,612	1,980,394	665,066	37,933	13,106,402
2023-2027	1,870,000	192,800	2,629,374	3,154,530			7,846,704
2028-2032			783,514	4,163,986			4,947,500
2033-2037			542,944	4,700,357			5,243,301
2038-2040			115,809	1,325,775			1,441,584
Total	\$ 39,935,000	\$ <u>10,336,304</u> \$	10,784,467	\$ <u>19,272,232</u>	\$ <u>10,246,595</u>	\$ <u>2,128,959</u>	\$ 92,703,557

During 2005, the County's sold its residual interest in the Securitized Tobacco Settlement Revenues through the issuance of Series 2005 TASC bonds, as described above. The Series 2005 Bonds are capital appreciation bonds, upon which the investment return on the initial principal amount is reinvested at a compounded rate until maturity.

There are no scheduled principal and interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds other than on their respective maturity dates, at which time a single payment is made representing both the initial principal amount and the total investment return.

However, the Series 2005 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity through turbo redemption payments which are to be made from surplus collections on deposit, as provided in the Bond Indenture. The amounts and timing of the turbo redemption payments are based on projections of future tobacco settlement receipts less amounts needed to satisfy Debt Service on the Series 2000 bonds and to satisfy operating requirements. Failure to make such turbo redemption payments will not, however, constitute an event of default.

C. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	F	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables		Interfund Revenue		Interfund Expenditures
Major Funds:								
General Fund	\$	651,683	\$	1,938,562	\$		\$	11,204,015
County Road Fund		558,584		194,924		5,323,160		
Transportation Fund		284,070		348,575				320,900
Special Grant Fund		261,630		240				
Solid Waste Fund		57,662		67,086				1,150,215
Debt Service Fund		985,364				7,895,728		
Public Safety Fund		113,715		409,907				409,907
Non-Major Funds		526,680		1,041,371		1,348,758		1,678,849
Internal Service Fund	_	561,277	_		_	196,240	_	
Total	\$ <u></u>	4,000,665	\$_	4,000,665	\$_	14,763,886	\$_	14,763,886

D. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

Employees of the County of Tompkins may elect to participate in the ICMA-RC Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code 457 Deferred Plans," requires Plan assets to be held by an outside trustee, and are not reported in the County's financial statements.

Note 3 - Joint Ventures

Tompkins Cortland Community College

The following is the activity undertaken jointly with another municipality. The County's share of this activity is included in the County's financial statements. Separate financial statements are issued for this joint venture and may be obtained from their administrative office at 170 North Street, Dryden, New York 13053.

The County of Tompkins and the County of Cortland jointly own the Tompkins Cortland Community College. The venture operates under the terms of an agreement dated 1965 under provisions of Article 126 of the Education Law. The agreement is for an indefinite period of time. Significant provisions of the agreement are as follows:

- The College is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of nine voting members; five of whom are appointed by the Legislative Boards of the two counties under an apportionment made between the two counties by the State University Trustee, and four by the Governor.
- Ownership of existing capital facilities and capital expenses are shared in the following ratios:

County of Tompkins 68% County of Cortland 32%

• The governing body has established that the County of Tompkins and the County of Cortland will each provide 30% of the operational costs of the College. Subsidies to meet operational expenses are shared in the ratio of resident students in attendance.

All monies incidental to college operations are received and expended by the College except for those monies relating to Debt Service for which the counties, as sponsors, are responsible. During 1994 the sponsors authorized a Campus Master Plan Improvement Program in the amount of \$8,689,572. The sponsors are responsible for approximately 50% of the cost associated with the Master Plan improvements. Tompkins County is the lead agency in financing of the sponsor's share, and has issued \$6,860,000 of debt to provide for the sponsor's share of program cost. The Cortland County Legislature has executed an inter-municipal agreement with Tompkins County, which provides for reimbursement of 36% of the net Debt Service cost associated with the project. As of December, 31, 2007, the outstanding debt related to the 1994 Master Plan was \$3,486,909 of bonds.

Cortland County is responsible for 36% or \$1,255,287 of the bond payable. Tompkins County reports 100% of the debt in its Statement of Net Assets and also reports a receivable for the 36% in "securities and mortgages" in its Debt Service Fund.

In 2005, the College began another campus expansion program estimated at a cost of approximately \$33,000,000. The sponsoring counties have committed \$13,500,000 to match the New York State participation in the expansion, with the College required to raise funds over and above the amount of approved by New York State. Under the 2005 Campus Expansion, each County will be responsible for issuing debt to finance the project. During 2005, Tompkins County allocated \$3,600,000 of proceeds from a tobacco securitization financing for a portion of its share of the project and a \$620,000 cash payment. During 2006, Tompkins County issued a \$4,000,000 Bond Anticipation Note for the project. Subsequent to year-end, the County issued an additional \$2,500,000 of BAN's to complete the project financing.

• The financial statements of the College are independently audited annually. The following is an audited summary of financial information included in financial statements for the joint venture, (combined funds) as of August 31, 2007:

Total Assets	\$ 61,758,742
Total Liabilities and Deferred Revenue	40,419,098
Joint Venture Equity	21,339,644
Total Revenues	34,041,033
Total Expenses	32,192,587

Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit

The following is the activity undertaken jointly with another municipality and a university. This activity is excluded from the financial statements of the participating municipalities. Separate financial statements for this joint venture can be obtained from the Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit's administrative office at 737 Willow Avenue, Ithaca, New York 14850.

The Tompkins Consolidated Area Transit (TCAT) was formed under a consolidation agreement between the City of Ithaca, Tompkins County, and Cornell University effective April 1, 1998. The agreement shall remain in force until October 9, 2021. TCAT began operations on January 1, 1999, with its purpose to provide public transportation in Tompkins County and surrounding areas. As of January 1, 2005 TCAT was reorganized as a 501(c)(3). However, the structure of the Board, and the interest of each party was not changed. Significant provisions of the agreement are as follows:

- TCAT is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of nine voting members with three members being appointed by each participant in the venture. The General Manager of TCAT is a non-voting ex-officio member of the Board. In addition, the nine voting members of the Board select five additional non-voting, ex-officio members.
- Interest of each party in surpluses, losses, property, and in debt acquired by TCAT shall be shared equally.
- Each party makes an annual contribution of equal amounts to the venture. The County's contribution for 2007 was \$722,215. Its contribution for 2008 will be \$754,715.
- The financial statements of TCAT are independently audited annually and may be obtained from their administrative office. The following is an audited summary of financial information included in financial statements for the joint venture as of December 31, 2007:

Total Assets	\$ 13,276,864
Total Liabilities	1,961,579
Joint Venture Equity	11,315,285
Total Revenues	14,355,993
Total Expenses	11,353,103

Note 4 - Contingencies

As described in Note 3, the County is a partner in TCAT, a joint venture, and shares equally in surpluses or losses. The County may, in the future, be required to provide additional resources to finance its share of any operating deficits of TCAT.

The County of Tompkins is a defendant in several tax certiorari claims brought by large taxpayers in an attempt to reduce their real property value assessments. These lawsuits result from a county-wide reappraisal of property assessments performed each year. The County's attorney in the defense of these cases has expressed the opinion that the impact of the settlement of these cases has the potential to be substantial but is not predictable.

The County of Tompkins is a defendant in several tort claims. The County is self-insured for the amounts claimed, and is paying for the defense of these cases. It maintains reserves, in amounts recommended by its insurance administrator, which it considers adequate to cover potential settlements or damages awarded. As of December 31, 2007, the County has reserved \$1,271,715 for unreported claims which is included in retained earnings in the Internal Service Fund.

Note 5 - Sales Tax

The County, under the general authority of Article 29 of the Tax Law, imposes a 3% sales tax in the towns outside the City of Ithaca, and a 1½% sales tax within its boundaries. Both the County and City-imposed tax are administered and collected by the State Tax Commission in the same manner as that relating to the State's imposed 4% sales and compensating use tax. Net collections, meaning monies collected after deducting therefrom expenses and amounts refunded or to be refunded, but inclusive to any applicable penalties and interest, are paid by the State to the County and City, respectively. The County received \$51,455,784 in County imposed sales tax, an amount equal to 50% of total collections and excluding the amount paid directly to the city.

The County's share amounted to \$40,045,131 in fiscal year 2007. The balance of \$22,504,689 was divided among the City of Ithaca and the towns/villages based upon population as determined by the 2000 census. The towns' share is divided and allocated between incorporated villages and the area of the towns outside said villages, on the basis of population. All of the villages and five towns are paid their total share in cash. The town outside villages' share are retained by the County and applied in the first instance to the taxes to be relevied for County purposes in the respective towns' levy. The towns and villages received \$12,046,977 and the City of Ithaca received \$10,457,712.

For the year ending December 31, 2007, the County changed its accounting for the amounts collected and paid to the other municipalities to include these amounts in revenue and expenditures/expenses, instead of netting them as was done in prior years.

During 1992, the State Legislature granted authority to increase the County sales tax rate from 3% to 4%. The new taxing authority became effective December 1, 1992, and was authorized through November 30, 2007.

Note 6 - Transactions with Discretely Presented Component Units

The County of Tompkins contributed \$2,730,391 and \$109,000 to the Tompkins County Public Library and the Tompkins County Soil and Water Conservation District, respectively. Additionally, the Library's facilities are owned by the County and provided to the Library at no charge. The County provided \$347,631 worth of utilities, insurance, cleaning and maintenance and repairs; and \$489,748 worth of Debt Service on the building occupied by the Library.

Note 7 - Subsequent Events

A. Bond Anticipation Notes

Subsequent to December 31, 2007, the County issued a \$2,500,000 Revenue Anticipation Note to provide for the advance of state aid to TCAT to cover the cost of transit operations. Additionally, \$11,100,000 of Bond Anticipation Notes were issued to support approved capital projects. Included in the financing was \$3,500,000 to acquire a building for the Health Department, \$2,500,000 to complete the Community College's expansion, and \$5,100,000 for highway improvements.

Note 8 - Net Assets - Statement of Net Assets

Of the \$38,000,160 reported as unrestricted net assets of the Governmental Activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the County Legislature has designated funds to be set aside for certain purposes or contingencies, as follows:

Designated for: Ensuing year's budget:	
General Fund	3,911,540
Solid Waste Fund	-0-
Road Machinery Fund	-0-
Carry-over of prior year's commitments (encumbrances)	1,459,225
Repairs and replacements	575,000
Home and Community - open space protection	31,322
Capital projects pursuant to adopted capital program	921,346
Self insurance	1,848,944
Equity interest in joint venture, net of related debt	20,545,006
Total Designated Net Assets	29,292,383
Unrestricted, Undesignated Net Assets \$_	8,707,777

Note 9 - Further Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements

The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting the GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," effective for the year ending December 31, 2008. The County is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statement No. 45 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting the GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," effective for the year ending December 31, 2008. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations addressing the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The scope of the document excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations, and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as landfill closure and postclosure care.

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

TON THE TEAN ENDED DECLINDER ST, 200	<u>/</u>		
	Original		Final
	Budget		Budget
REVENUES		<u>-</u>	
Real property taxes \$	32,397,186	\$ 3	32,397,186
Real property tax items	1,725,000	<u>-</u>	1,750,000
Nonproperty tax items	32,540,290	4	13,689,414
Departmental income	11,401,529	1	1,462,236
Intergovernmental charges	79,600		106,231
Use of money and property	1,258,000		1,258,000
Licenses and permits	2,500		2,500
Fines and forfeitures	410,300		410,300
Sale of property and compensation for loss	711,000		779,939
Miscellaneous local sources	1,810,909		1,882,930
Interfund revenues	418,992		418,992
State sources	21,670,875	2	24,057,248
Federal sources	12,589,484		14,168,504
Total Revenues	117,015,665		32,383,480
	, = = -, = = =		,
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Current:			
General Governmental Support	14,085,879	2	26,531,603
Education	8,588,061		8,251,617
Public Safety	13,603,256	1	14,739,115
Health	18,146,180		18,526,420
Transportation	4,473,536		5,540,877
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	45,471,444	4	17,877,347
Culture and Recreation	4,663,045		4,705,400
Home and Community Services	1,410,837		1,530,594
Employee Benefits	313,355		218,592
Debt service (principal and interest)			94,763
Total Expenditures	110,755,593	12	28,016,328
Excess of Revenues (Expenditures)	6,260,072		4,367,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund transfers (out)	(11,189,894)		1,204,015)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11,189,894)	(1	1,204,015)
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,929,822)		(6,836,863)
Appropriated Fund Balance	4,929,822		6,836,863
Net Increase (Decrease) \$	-0-	\$	-0-

See Independent Auditor's Report

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

					variance
					Favorable
	Actual		Encumbrances		(Unfavorable)
	1	-			
\$	32,307,526	\$		\$	(89,660)
	1,625,851	_			(124,149)
	44,977,217	-			1,287,803
	11,023,795	-		•	(438,441)
	401,385	-		•	295,154
	1,497,001	-		٠	239,001
	2,587	-		•	87
	184,489	-		•	(225,811)
	763,131	-			
	1,332,107	-			(16,808)
		-			(550,823)
	1,068,786	-			649,794
	22,758,868	-			(1,298,380)
	15,740,339	_			1,571,835
ı	133,683,082	_	-0-		1,299,602
	25,454,511	_	512,535	_	564,557
ı	7,594,614	•			657,003
	13,928,029	_	158,291		652,795
	17,321,798	-	82,593	٠	1,122,029
	5,540,877	-		•	-0-
	45,412,406	-	244,853	•	2,220,088
	4,671,487	-	613	•	33,300
	1,270,683	-	159,419	•	100,492
	102,557	-	100,410		116,035
	94,762	-			110,035
	121,391,724	-	1,158,304		
	121,391,724	-	1,156,504		5,466,300
	12,291,358	=	(1,158,304)	•	6,765,902
	(11,204,015)				-0-
	(11,204,015)	-	-0-		-0-
•	1,087,343	\$	(1,158,304)	\$	6,765,902
į		=	<u> </u>	;	
į	1,087,343				
	17,168,470				
\$	18,255,813				

Variance

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) COUNTY ROAD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Original Budget		Final Budget
<u>REVENUES</u>	 		_
Intergovernmental charges	\$ 282,379	\$	282,379
Use of money and property			27,058
Licenses and permits	 14,000		14,000
Sale of property and compensation for loss	 2,800		2,800
Miscellaneous local sources	 15,950		15,950
Interfund revenues			
State sources	 1,446,258		1,446,258
Federal sources	 		
Total Revenues	1,761,387	_	1,788,445
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Current:			
Public Safety	 268,883		272,481
Transportation	 6,102,784		6,532,319
Employee Benefits	 713,198		640,212
Total Expenditures	 7,084,865	_	7,445,012
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues	 (5,323,478)	_	(5,656,567)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund transfers in	5,323,478		5,332,818
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 5,323,478		5,332,818
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues			
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -0-	_	(323,749)
Appropriated Fund Balance		_	323,749
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ -0-	\$_	-0-

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

	Actual	•	Encumbrances	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	265,282	\$		\$	(17,097)
· –	36,692			· -	9,634
_	7,699	,		-	(6,301)
_	4,987	•		-	2,187
_	6,520		_	_	(9,430)
_	13,854		_	_	13,854
_	1,563,302	į		-	117,044
_	292,581	į		-	292,581
_	2,190,917	į	-0-	-	402,472
_ _ _	272,481 6,356,457 640,211 7,269,149 (5,078,232)	•	23,365 23,365 (23,365)		-0- 152,497 1 152,498 554,970
_	5,323,160 5,323,160	,	-0-	- -	(9,658) (9,658)
_	244,928	\$	(23,365)	\$_	545,312
_	-0-				
_	244,928				
_	1,807,773				
\$_	2,052,701				

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) TRANSPORTATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Original Budget		Final Budget
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Departmental income	\$	1,221,695	\$_	1,221,695
Use of money and property		1,133,198	_	1,133,198
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,894	_	1,894
Miscellaneous local sources		4,840		4,840
Federal sources			_	160,000
Total Revenues		2,361,627	_	2,621,627
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current:				
Transportation		1,755,071	_	2,229,635
Employee Benefits		263,986	_	256,086
Total Expenditures		2,019,057	_	2,485,721
Excess of Revenues (Expenditures)		342,570		135,906
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund transfers (out)		(342,570)		(320,900)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(342,570)		(320,900)
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-0-	_	(184,994)
Appropriated Fund Balance			_	184,994
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ <u></u>	-0-	\$_	-0-

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

-	Actual	Encumbra	inces	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	1,102,854	\$		\$_	(118,841)
	1,137,480			_	4,282
	49,838 6,445	-		_	47,944 1,605
-	130,498			_	(29,502)
•	2,617,488		-0-	_	(4,139)
-				_	
	2,214,588	13	3,062	_	1,985
	256,056 2,470,644		3,062	_	2,015
-	2,470,044		0,002	_	2,015
	146,844	(13	3,062)		(2,124)
•	(320,900) (320,900)		-0-	<u> </u>	-0- -0-
-	(174,056)	\$ (13	3,062)	\$_	(2,124)
	-0-				
-	(174,056)				
	482,779				
\$	308,723				

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) SOLID WASTE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Original Budget		Final Budget
REVENUES	•	Buaget	_	Daaget
Departmental income	\$	4,665,215	\$	4,665,215
Use of money and property	•	12,000		12,000
Licenses and permits	•	25,000		25,000
Fines and forfeitures	•	1,460		1,460
Sale of property and compensation for loss	•	785,000		785,000
Miscellaneous local sources	•	15,550		15,550
Interfund revenues		11,509		11,509
State sources		44,500		44,500
Total Revenues		5,560,234	_	5,560,234
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Home and Community Services		4,337,407	_	4,350,430
Employee Benefits	•	229,386	_	229,386
Total Expenditures		4,566,793	_	4,579,816
Excess of Revenues (Expenditures)		993,441	_	980,418
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund transfers (out)		(1,150,215)		(1,150,215)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,150,215)	_	(1,150,215)
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(156,774)	_	(169,797)
Appropriated Fund Balance		156,774	_	169,797
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

	Actual		Encumbrances		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	4,401,227	\$		\$	(263,988)
Ψ_	68,679	Ψ		Ψ_	56,679
-	00,019			-	(25,000)
-		•		-	(1,460)
-	1,004,833	•		-	219,833
-	44,988			-	29,438
-	,	•		-	(11,509)
_	92,284	į		-	47,784
_	5,612,011		-0-	-	51,777
	4,054,621		30,481		265,328
_	209,190	•		-	20,196
	4,263,811		30,481		285,524
-	1,348,200	•	(30,481)	-	337,301
_	(1,150,215)			_	-0-
_	(1,150,215)		-0-	_	-0-
_	197,985	\$	(30,481)	\$	337,301
_	-0-				
_	197,985				
_	1,507,734				
\$_	1,705,719				

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP) SPECIAL GRANT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Original		Final
		Budget		Budget
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Departmental income	\$	88,490	\$_	98,490
Use of money and property				600,000
Miscellaneous local sources		635,700		808,364
Federal sources		892,750		2,321,008
Total Revenues		1,616,940		3,827,862
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current:				
Economic Assistance and Opportunity		1,647,420		2,105,167
Home and Community Services				1,757,364
Employee benefits			_	
Total Expenditures		1,647,420	_	3,862,531
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues		(30,480)	_	(34,669)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-0-	_	-0-
Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(30,480)		(34,669)
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·
Appropriated Fund Balance		30,480	_	34,669
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

•	Actual		Encumbrances		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$	490,813	\$		\$	392,323
		•			(600,000)
	61,294				(747,070)
	1,580,827	•		٠	(740,181)
•	2,132,934	1	-0-	•	(1,694,928)
	4 000 700				4.007.000
	1,096,728		1,411		1,007,028
	1,085,628				671,736
	0.100.050				-0-
	2,182,356	,	1,411		1,678,764
•	(49,422)		(1,411)	•	(16,164)
	-0-	·	-0-	•	-0-
	(49,422)	\$	(1,411)	\$	(16,164)
	(49,422)				
	1,162,621				
\$	1,113,199				

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 1 - Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation, Special Grant, Solid Waste, and Debt Service Funds. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Encumbrances are not considered a disbursement in the financial plan or an expenditure in the GAAP based financial statement, but reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation, thereby ensuring that the appropriations are not exceeded. The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General, County Road, Transportation, Special Grant, and Solid Waste Funds present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data.

Note 2 - Reconciliation of the General Fund Budget Basis to GAAP

No adjustment is necessary to convert excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the GAAP basis to the budget basis as there were no encumbrances added to the actual expenditures recorded in the budgetary comparison schedules.

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Special

		Special					
		Revenue					
		Fund		Ca	apital Projects	·Fι	unds
	_	Road			General		
		Machinery	TCAT		Government		Transportation
	,	Fund					Fund
400570	_	Fulla	Fund		Fund		Fulla
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted - Restricted	\$ <u>_</u>	624,231	\$ 238,485	\$	660,871 1,569,750	\$	441,967
Temporary investments - Restricted	_	440.000					475.050
Due from other funds	_	116,382			90,000		175,859
Due from state and federal governments	_						252,915
Other receivables, net	_						
Prepaid expenses	_	4,619					
Total Assets	\$_	745,232	\$ 238,485	\$	2,320,621	\$	870,741
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	55,442	\$	\$		\$	1,027,446
Accrued liabilities	_	10,892					
Due to other funds	_	792	31,992		62,790		554,537
Retained percentages	_		•	•	574	•	14,059
r totaliiou por ooritagoo	-			•	<u> </u>	•	,
Total Liabilities	_	67,126	31,992		63,364		1,596,042
Fund Balances:							
Fund Balances - Reserved:							
Encumbrances		232,602					
Total Reserved	_	232,602	-0-	•	-0-	•	-0-
rotal reserved	_	202,002					
Fund Balances - Unreserved							
Appropriated							
Appropriated	_						
Fund Balances - Unreserved, Reported in:							
Unappropriated, Reported in:							
Special Revenue Funds		11E EO1					
•	_	445,504	000 400		0.057.057		(705.004)
Capital Projects Funds	_		206,493		2,257,257		(725,301)
Debt Service Funds	_						
Total Fund Balances	_	678,106	206,493		2,257,257		(725,301)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	745,232	\$ 238,485	\$	2,320,621	\$	870,741

See Independent Auditor's Report

Home an Community Se Fund	d	ojects Fund Public Health Fund	ds_	Education Fund	-	Debt Service Fund TTASC Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	\$,507 \$_ 4,439	201,217	\$_	1,302	\$	294,934 657,820	\$ 3,116,580 1,864,684 657,820 526,680 252,915
\$ 1,092	2,946 \$	201,217	\$	1,302	\$	674,832 3,840 1,631,426	\$ 674,832 8,459 7,101,970
\$	\$\$ 	-0-	\$_ 	634,141 391,260 1,025,401	\$	-0-	\$ 1,717,029 10,892 1,041,371 14,633 2,783,925
	-0-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	232,602 232,602 -0-
1,092	2,946 2,946 2,946 \$	201,217 201,217 201,217	\$_	(1,024,099) (1,024,099) 1,302	\$	1,631,426 1,631,426 1,631,426	\$ 445,504 2,008,513 1,631,426 4,318,045 7,101,970

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Special

Revenue Fund Capital Projects Funds Road General Machinery **TCAT** Government Transportation Fund Fund Fund Fund **REVENUES** Intergovernmental charges 11.291 \$ Use of money and property 2.441 72,878 6,163 100,126 Sale of property and compensation for loss 131,612 Miscellaneous local sources 72 2,671 Interfund revenues 1,440,413 State sources 1,398,023 99,063 Federal sources 2,769,547 1,092,380 **Total Revenues** 1,574,538 4,185,024 100,126 1,266,992 **EXPENDITURES** General Governmental Support Transportation 1,417,801 **Employee Benefits** 81,272 Debt Service (principal and interest) Capital Outlay 4,825,308 143,305 4,828,319 **Total Expenditures** 1,499,073 4,825,308 143,305 4,828,319 Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) 75,465 (640, 284)(43,179)(3,561,327)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Interfund transfers in 47,880 250.000 974,948 Interfund transfers (out) (62,790)(1,566,059)47,880 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) -0-187,210 (591,111)

75,465

602,641

678,106

(592,404)

798,897

206,493

144,031

2,113,226

2,257,257

(4,152,438)

3,427,137

(725,301)

Excess of (Expenditures) Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Fund Balances, Beginning of Year

Сар	ital F	Projects Fun	ds			Debt Service Fund	Total
Home and Community Services Fund	_	Public Health Fund	_	Education Fund	_	TTASC Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	\$		\$		\$		\$ 11,291
46,846		9,962	_	79,663	-	62,973	381,052
							131,612
	_		_		_	688,854	691,597
	_		_		_		1,440,413
	_		_		-		1,497,086
40.040	_	0.000	_	70.000	-	754 007	3,861,927
46,846	_	9,962	_	79,663	-	751,827	8,014,978
						66,134	66,134
							1,417,801
							81,272
						642,560	642,560
133,339	_		_	5,164,723	-		15,094,994
133,339	_	-0-	_	5,164,723	-	708,694	17,302,761
(86,493)	_	9,962	_	(5,085,060)	-	43,133	(9,287,783)
75,930							1,348,758
	_		_	(50,000)	-		(1,678,849)
75,930	_	-0-	_	(50,000)	-	-0-	(330,091)
(10,563)		9,962	_	(5,135,060)	_	43,133	(9,617,874)
1,103,509	_	191,255		4,110,961	_	1,588,293	13,935,919
\$1,092,946	\$_	201,217	\$_	(1,024,099)	\$	1,631,426	\$ 4,318,045

John H. Dietershagen, C.P.A. Jerry E. Mickelson, C.P.A. Thomas K. Van Derzee, C.P.A. Debbie Conley Jordan, C.P.A. Patrick S. Jordan, C.P.A. Duane R. Shoen, C.P.A. Lesley L. Horner, C.P.A. D. Leslie Spurgin, C.P.A.



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Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Frederick J. Ciaschi, C.P.A.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Legislature County of Tompkins Ithaca, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tompkins as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the County of Tompkins basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 18, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Tompkins' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Tompkins internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Tompkins' internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Tompkins' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of County of Tompkins in a separate letter dated August 18, 2008.

This report is intended for the information of the County Legislature, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Liashi, Dieterdagen, Little, Micken & Congony Cor

August 18, 2008 Ithaca, New York John H. Dietershagen, C.P.A. Jerry E. Mickelson, C.P.A. Thomas K. Van Derzee, C.P.A. Debbie Conley Jordan, C.P.A. Patrick S. Jordan, C.P.A. Duane R. Shoen, C.P.A. Lesley L. Horner, C.P.A. D. Leslie Spurgin, C.P.A.



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Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Frederick J. Ciaschi, C.P.A.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

County Legislature County of Tompkins Ithaca. New York

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Tompkins with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007. The County of Tompkins' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Tompkins's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Tompkins' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Tompkins' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Tompkins' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Tompkins complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Tompkins is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Tompkins' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

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CORTLAND ITHACA WATKINS GLEN

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Legislature, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lindin, Dieterdagen, Little, Milden Mongony cor

August 18, 2008 Ithaca. New York

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor/			
Pass Through Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through	
Program Title	Catalog #	Grantor #	Expenditures
LLC Department of Assistables			
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Program:	40.550	N1/A @	0.000
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A \$	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	10,646
Passed Through Great Lakes Commission:			
Soil and Water Conservation	10.902	N/A	26,805
Passed Through NYS Department of Social Services:			
Food Stamps	10.551	(1)	7,436,410
Passed Through NYS Health Department:			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,			
Infants, and Children - Administration	10.557	C019318	279,236
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,			
Infants, and Children - Food Instruments	10.557	(1)	902,617
Passed Through Great Lakes Commission:			
Soil and Water Conservation	10.902	(1)	7,326
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		()	8,669,726
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct Program:			
Community Development Block Grants - Small Cities Program	14.219	N/A	803,724
Passed Through NYS Governor's Office for Small Cities:			
Community Development Block Grants - State's Program	14.228	(1)	281,904
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMEN	IT		1,085,628
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Program:			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	12,656
Passed Through NYS Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	C546239	29,090
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			41,746
IIO Demonstrate of Labora			
U.S. Department of Labor			
Passed Through NYS Office for the Aging:			
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	(1)	29,888
Passed Through NYS Department of Labor:			
Trade Adjustment Assistance Workers	17.245	(1)	124,122
WIA Adult Program	17.258	(1)	144,703
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	(1)	362,819
WIA Dislocated Workers	17.260	(1)	147,074
Passed Through National Retail Federation:			
Employment and Training Admin. Pilots, Demonstrations and			
Work Incentives Program	17.266	(1)	23,608
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			832,214
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards			10,629,314

N/A - Denotes Not Applicable (Direct Program)

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

^{(1) -} Denotes unable to obtain from Pass-Through Entity

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor/			
Pass Through Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through	
Program Title	Catalog #	Grantor #	Expenditures
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards Brought Forward		\$	10,629,314
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Programs:			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	N/A	858,106
Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.500	N/A	1,448,494
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	1,315,161
Small Community Air Service Development	20.930	N/A	130,498
Passed Through NYS Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D022373	76,712
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D022374	64,315
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D022376	7,054
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D022377	73,742
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	D022378	12,452
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505	D003719	294,920
Passed Through NYS Department of Motor Vehicles:			,
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	CS5500131	4,692
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	CS5500132	2,900
Selective Traffic Enforcement Program	20.601	PT5500141	3,456
Selective Traffic Enforcement Program	20.601	PT5500142	2,234
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			4,294,736
Environmental Protection Agency			
Direct Programs:			
Regional Wetland Program Development Grants	66.461		12,472
Passed Through NYS Health Department:			
State Indoor Radon Grants	66.032	C018980	4,500
State Public Water System Supervision	66.432	(1)	174,305
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			191,277
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through NYS Department of Health:			
Adult Education - State Grant Program	84.002A		23,608
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities	84.181A	C021827	24,855
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities	84.181A	C021584	45,845
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			94,308
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards			15,209,635

N/A - Denotes Not Applicable (Direct Program)

^{(1) -} Denotes unable to obtain from Pass-Through Entity

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor/			
Pass Through Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through	
Program Title	Catalog #	Grantor #	Expenditures
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards Brought Forward		\$	15,209,635
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct:			
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276		99,417
Passed Through NYS Office for the Aging:			
Title VII, Chapter 3 - Programs for Prevention of Elder Abuse,			
Neglect, and Exploitation	93.042	(1)	10,987
Title III-D, Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	(1)	4,619
Title III-B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	(1)	67,194
Title III-C, Nutrition Services	93.045	(1)	117,090
Special Programs for Aging - Discretionary Projects	93.048	(1)	7,494
National Family Caregiver Support	93.052	(1)	33,359
Nutrition Services Incentive	93.053	(1)	108,898
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	(1)	28,360
Centers for Medicare and Medical Services Research,			
Demonstrations and Evaluations	93.779	(1)	32,851
Passed Through NYS Health Department:			
Immunization Grants	93.268	C018692	36,897
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention -			
Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283	001626-05	81,968
Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283	001626-06	19,712
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	C020635	33,630
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	C021584	24,415
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	C018809	8,027
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	C021667	31,214
Passed Through NYS Mental Health Department:			
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness	93.150	(1)	36,811
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	(1)	280,895
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	(1)	78,700
Subtotal U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,142,538
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards			16,352,173

N/A - Denotes Not Applicable (Direct Program)

^{(1) -} Denotes unable to obtain from Pass-Through Entity

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor/			
Pass Through Grantor/	Federal	Pass-Through	
Program Title	Catalog #	Grantor #	Expenditures
Subtotal Expenditures of Federal Awards Brought Forward		\$	16,352,173
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (con't.)			
Passed Through NYS Department of Social Services:			
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	(1)	3,682,027
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	(1)	307,272
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	(1)	1,633,078
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	(1)	1,360,663
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	(1)	1,196,898
Adoption Assistance	93.659	(1)	1,304,990
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	(1)	3,543,282
Chafee Foster Care Independent Living	93.674	(1)	13,931
State Children's Insurance Program	93.767	(1)	337
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	(1)	1,521,353
Passed Through NYS State Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse			
Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	(1)	6,323
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	(1)	692,873
Passed Through NYS Department of Labor:			
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	(1)	258,353
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		(1)	16,663,918
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through NYS Emergency Management Office:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036		291,907
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			291,907
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	32,165,460

N/A - Denotes Not Applicable (Direct Program)

^{(1) -} Denotes unable to obtain from Pass-Through Entity

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs administered by the County of Tompkins, an entity as defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through from other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 2 - Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures generally were obtained from the appropriate federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these federal financial reports are prepared from records maintained for each program. These records are periodically reconciled to the general ledger which is the source of the basic financial statements.

Note 3 - Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented.

Note 4 - Matching Costs

Matching costs, i.e., the County's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

Note 5 - Department of Social Services - Administrative Costs

Differences between the amounts reflected in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Department of Social Services' Federal Financial Reports (RF-2 claims) are due to the allocation of administrative costs to the individual programs.

Note 6 - Non-Monetary Federal Program

The County is the recipient of federal financial assistance programs that do not result in cash receipts or disbursements, termed "non-monetary programs." During the year ended December 31, 2007, Tompkins County distributed \$7,436,410 worth of food stamps to eligible persons participating in the Food Stamp Program (CFDA Number 10.551) and \$906,879 worth of food instruments to eligible persons participating in the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) (CFDA Number 10.557).

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? __ yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified that yes are not considered to be material weakness(es)? $\sqrt{}$ none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements _ yes √__ no noted? Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? √ no ____ yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? $_{\underline{\sqrt{}}}$ none reported yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance Unqualified for major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) __ yes of Circular A-133? √ no Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster **CFDA Numbers** 10.551 Food Stamp Cluster 93.778 Medical Assistance Program 93.667 Social Services Block Grant Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants/Federal Transit 20.500/20.507 Formula Grants Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs \$964,964

__√__ yes

___ no

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee:

COUNTY OF TOMPKINS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2007

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:	None

Section II - Financial Statement Findings: